TBS 1980

"One-liners, Fast Cars, Faster Typewriters," the RPG of 80's TV sleuths and lawyers

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Introduction

We've all seen shows like *Magnum PI*¹ and *Murder She Wrote*. But there really hasn't been a game to reflect on this. Sure you have your retro 80's superhero games, but what about your TV shows? This game is designed to allow players and game masters to create characters and adventures set in the 1980's using TBS (The Basic System).

Character Generation

Getting a Character Idea

Characters in the 1980 TV shows all came from in-depth backgrounds and weren't novices in their fields. Be it the Ex-Navy SEAL turned Private Investigator or the Vietnam Vet turned Vice cop. So keep that in mind when choosing your character concept. Here are some quick samples:

Ex-Military turned: This is the guy or gal that served in the military before retiring to a much more subdued life. Or not. These characters have seen danger and know how to face it. They are combat trained and still have contacts and enemies out there. These players act as bodyguards, cops, PIs, security and other positions tuned to a military life. Players will start with an age of 35 and up. See the new age rules concerning benefits.

Lawyer: This is the guy or gal that took the job to protect the innocent. The problem is they tend to get into the mess that put their clients there in the first place. They can be 25 years old and up. Most will have staff that work for them, others go at it solo.

Mystery Writer: This guy or gal is along in their years. They spend their days writing and researching crime. Sometimes they get in over their heads. They are so good at solving crimes that the police tend to ask for advice sometimes. They usually start out at ages 40 to 50.

The Rookie: This is the new kid on the block. They can be cops, PIs, bodyguards, security, writers, lawyers, street contacts and other young characters. The Rookie starts off at any age under 30.

The Out There: This is the usual sidekick and not so bright character that gets themselves into more trouble than any other character. These players can be of any age and occupation, but they are a magnet for bad luck. Players who use this character type can pretty much run into any situation and not be penalized for it. The major benefit of this type is they always find what they are looking for. **Perception** rolls get a +10 regarding anything that will put them in over their head, but the roll isn't to detect but to stubble into it. So if Joe rolls a **30** for his **Perception** while walking past an alleyway. He passes to he takes a turn and ends up interrupting a major arms deal.

¹ Property of Universal Studios

Character Creation: Getting your Main Stats

Let's start with the seven basic Stats. We call them the **Main Stats**. Now in the Basic System the **average human Stat is 10**. For this game you will determine your stats by using the **Point Based Game** rules. Because this game is based on 1980 TV shows we are allowing players **12 Points to distribute among their Main Stats**. The points given are how many points you may add to a base 10 stat. For each number over 10 that is your **Main Stat Bonus**. So if you have a **STR** of 13, then your **Main Stat Bonus** is +3. When you have a stat under 10, then you have a **Main Stat Negative**. So if you have an **INT** of 7, then your **Main Stat Negative** is -3. Players may put a **Main Stat** to under 10 and then use the points from that to raise another stat. So if Joe has a **STR** of **10** and makes it a **STR** of **8**, he has two points to now use in another **Main Stat**.

Here are the Main Stats:

INT	Intelligence: How smart you are. Use this Stat when using brain power.
WILL	Willpower: How well you can withstand psychological effects.
СНА	Charisma: How charming you are and how well you can interact with people.
AGI	Agility: How agile you are. Used for dodging, fighting, and other agile acts.
STR	Strength: As it says, how strong you are physically.
END	Endurance: How healthy you are. Your ability to resist disease, physical stress and how well built you are.
SPD	Speed. How fast you can move.

The Main Stats

Now let's take a look at your **Secondary**. These are the results of your Main Stats. It helps round out the character. You learn how much damage you can take, how quick you are and a few other basics.

The Secondary

HP	Hit Points: END times 2. How much damage you can take before death.
SP	Stun Points: END times 2. How much light damage you can take before it starts to bleed or break bones.
IN	Initiative: AGI MSB + SPD MSB . How well you get the jump on the other guy or gal. Whoever has the higher Initiative goes first .
LFT	Lift: STR times STR. This is how many pounds you can lift.
Punch	Damage for punch is equal to your STR and only does light damage.
Kick	Damage for kick is equal to your STR +2 and only does light damage.
RUN	This is equal to your SPD times 2 . This is how fast you can move in MPH.
Jump	STR+SPD/2: How many feet you can leap with a running start.

Here we have the Natural Abilities. People are born with these and they come in handy in the real world. How do you gain Natural Abilities? For each point above **10** in the Main Stats, you gain Natural Ability Points or **NAP**. Each Natural Ability costs 12 **NAP**. While most players might only be able to buy one or two Natural Abilities, that is ok. There are others ways to make up for it in the **Basic System**.

Ambidexterity	Your ability to use both hands equally. You suffer no penalty for using either hand.		
Expertise	This is an area you are best at. Choose a specific skill that you are naturally an expert at. It must be a skill you have already purchased. Players gain a +4 to that one skill.		
Marksman	You have the natural ability to hit the target. You gain a +5 when trying to hit something with a projectile or thrown object.		
Photographic Memory	If you see it you don't forget it. Great for detective characters and such.		
Speed Reading	You can read really fast and retain 95% of what you have read.		
Superb Agility	You are extra agile. You gain a +4 to any actions involving AGI .		
Superb END	You are physically all there. Buff and rough. You gain +15 to your HP and +4 to any rolls involving your END.		
Superb Immunity	You body is just naturally immune to disease and toxins. Anytime you are exposed to these, you gain a +4 to resist.		
Superb Senses	You are in tune with your senses. Most GMs will want you to pick a specific sense. Anytime you are using those senses you gain a +4 to any rolls involving them.		

Natural Abilities



The New Aging Rule:

As player grow older of course they will become more skilled, but they will also begin to fail in health. Below is the new Age Rules table which tells the benefits and problems that come with age. For every year if age over 20, players gain **1 Skill Point** per year in addition to regular **Skill Points**.

Age	Benefit	Problem
25	5 Skill Points	None
30	10 Skill Points	None
35	15 Skill Points	-1 to one Main Stat
40	20 Skill Points	-2 to two Main Stats
45	25 Skill Points	-2 to three Main Stats
50	30 Skill Points	-2 to four Main Stats
55	35 Skill Points	-4 to ALL Main Stats
60	40 Skill Points	-5 to All Main Stats
65	45 Skill Points	-5 to All Main Stats
70	50 Skill Points	-7 to all Main Stats
75	55 Skill Points	-8 to all Main Stats





The Basic System: Sleuths & Lawyers

<u>Skills</u>

Everyone has skills. They help us live our day to day lives. Some are very obvious and others aren't. The Basic System uses **Skill Headers** to help players and GMs create characters and they also offer direction as well. To determine how many **Skill Points** or **SP** you get, **just multiply your INT times 2**. Each skill costs one **SP** per level. So if you were to buy a **Sword** skill at level two, it would cost you two **SP**. People also have **Common Skills**. These skills automatically start at level one free of cost. Even a cripple can try to dodge an attack. Use this formula when using skills:

Main Stat Bonus/Main Stat Negative + Skill Level + 1d20 Here are the Common Skills:

Basic Fight	This is your raw fighting ability in unarmed combat. Everyone can scrap when they need to.	AGI
Dodge	This is the ability to get out of the way when someone of something is about to hit you.	AGI
Perception	This skill helps you notice the obvious and not so obvious. Use this skill for spot, listen and other checks.	INT
Basic Education	This covers basic math, science, English, and artistic skills. Stuff you learn from common knowledge and well as slight formal schooling.	INT

Common Skills



What is a Skill Header? These are main skill areas. They define what category skills fit into. In some cases there are no Skill Headers because the skills don't have them. Below is the list of Basic Skill Headers for the Basic System. You may not buy a generic Skill Header. Players must pick specific skills that fit their character. We have provided examples of skills, but it's up to the player to be creative. If you want a Drug Chemistry skill so you can make Crack, it fits underneath the Advanced Education Skill Header. If a Skill Header has an **AGI/STR or Varied** that means that the player needs to draw from one of those Main Stats. Driving requires smarts, like how to hotwire it, but an **AGI** to maneuver it.

Advanced Fight	Choose a fighting style for unarmed combat. This includes: Boxing, Karate, Judo, Kung Fu and other styles.	AGI
Melee/Firearms Combat	Choose a melee weapon that you are proficient in. This can be anything from swords to baseball bats. Or choose a firearm or projectile weapon that you are proficient with. This can be anything from laser pistols, regular pistols, bows and others.	AGI
Physical	Choose a physical activity that your character is good at. This can include sports or other body exercises.	AGI/STR
Advanced Education	Here is where you get your high education and trade skills. This includes First aid, Mechanics, sciences and such.	INT
Social Interaction	Choose skills that help you in the social arena. This includes: Leadership, Conversation, Streetwise, Interrogation and such.	СНА
Extra-Curricular	Does your character like to cook, paint, sew or do artsy things? This includes musical skills as well.	Varied

Skill Headers

Skills with no Headers

Driving	Pick a vehicle you are good at driving. This includes bikes as well.	AGI/INT
Pilot	Pick a flying machine that you are good at piloting. This includes: Helicopters, Planes, and such.	AGI/INT
Boating	Pick a watercraft you are proficient in piloting. This includes: speed boats, sail boats and others.	AGI/INT
Riding	Pick an animal you are good at riding. This includes: Horses, cows, dragons and other creatures.	AGI

How Skills Rank

Rank	Skill Level	Description
No Training	0	No Skill at all.
Average	2	The average person is at this level.
Above Average	7	You have some advanced training.
Expert	10	You have fantastic training and are an expert with this skill.
Master	20	The Master of this skill.

• No human may have a skill above 20.

<u>The Extras</u>

In every game you have to have extras. The ally, friend, sidekick and such. You also have to have certain uppers as well. Wealth, contacts, memberships and maybe that license to thrill. Below is the chart players roll on to see if they get any of these extras. Roll once. **Roll 1d8**:

1	Contacts	Roll 1d4 . This is how many contacts you have. When you need information these are the people to go to. Players must specify
		who the contact is. This may include: police, military, librarian, janitors and more.
2	Friends	Roll 1d4 . These is how many close friends one has. These are people that can help you or be victims of your enemies.
3	Sidekick	This is the sucker who thinks that your character is the one. The person who can do something so fantastic, that they want to be there when it happens. Sidekicks are rolled up like normal characters, but may not be as powerful as the main character.
4	Wealth	Roll 1d12 times 1000. This is how much money you have on hand. Roll 1d10 times 100 thousand. This is how much money you have saved up. It may be liquidated over a few months as needed.
5	Ally	This is someone who will work with you for a common cause. The Ally is created by the GM and will assist in times of great need.
6	Membership	Roll 1d10 for rank. You belong to some organization. The higher the rank the better you are. Rank one is equal to the mailroom boy. Rank ten is the head of command.
7	License to Thrill	With this license you can get away with the most insane stunts. Skydiving off of office buildings, skiing down the highway. There are no limits. The authorities would like to bust you, but for some reason they can't. All they can do is pray you die a slow and painful death.
8	Not a Bloody Thing	You stink!



How the system works

The Basic System is real basic. Whenever you take an action it's called a turn. Each turn lasts about five seconds. When doing something that is either difficult enough to warrant a die roll, or if someone is acting against you, the player needs to roll their twenty-sided dice. If they are taking an action against someone or if they are dodging they use this formula:

Main Stat Bonus/Main Stat Negative + Skill Level + 1d20 Whoever rolls higher gets the dibsies. Now if you are just making a skill check, GMs can use the chart below:

	Difficulty Levels
10	Easy (this is that task you might not be able to do on the first try)
15	Challenge (you might not be able to easily do this task)
20	Difficult (this means you might not be cut out to do this action)
25	Very Difficult (ok, you're now getting into the miracle stage of things, good training will pull you through)
30	Heroic (only a hero can pull this off)
35	Legendary (ok, we're heading out of the normal range of man or woman)
40	Insane (good luck, you'll need it)

Difficulty Chart



Material Strengths

To give people a better understanding of material strengths we have thrown together this quick table with ranking to make it basic. The **AC** for each material is given. To determine the Hits for these materials multiply the **AC** times the **AC**. So if a brick has an AC of **10**, then a brick wall has **100** Hits.

Rank	AC	Material	
Below Average	1-9	Cloth, glass, paper, ice, crystal, rubber, soft metals	
Average	10	Mortared brick, aluminum, light machinery	
Above Average	15	Some types of armors, meshes	
Excellent	20	Concrete, iron, bullet proof glass	
Extraordinary	30	Reinforced concrete, steel	
Incredible	40	Solid stone, advanced metals	
Awesome 50		Steel alloys, granite	
Mighty	70	Diamond and heavy super alloys	

Armor

Most games will allow players to use some type of armor. There are many different types of armor which cover specific areas of the body. Let's get the terms out of the way, shall we?

-Armor Class: How much damage the armor can take before you receive damage. Each time the damage goes over the AC, the Armor Class is reduced by that much. So if Tom gets shot with a rifle and he is wearing a vest that offers 10 AC and the damage is 13, then the AC is reduced to 7 (AC (10)-Damage (13)=3 damage and AC reduced to 7). Armor also has Hit Points (HP) and it is HP that is taken away which makes the AC drop. If something is Armor Piercing then you just take off the HP from the armor until it is gone.

-Max Agility: Armor can sometimes limit your Agility. This number represents that maximum AGI bonus one can use with this specific type of armor.

-Location: What part of the body the armor protects.

-Special: Any special qualities that the weapon might have.

-Cost: How much an item costs.

Туре	AC	HP	Max AGI	Location	Special	Cost
Leather	13	13	0			\$40
Bullet Proof Vest	18	18	0			\$300
Flak Vest	21	21	0			\$400
Light Full	18	18	0			\$500
Medium Full	26	26	-1			\$600
Heavy Full	34	34	-1			\$1,000

Armor Examples

Weapons

Weapons are a common thing in most role-playing games. Let's jump right into the terms.

Melee Weapon Terms

-Damage: As it says. Add your STR MSB to your damage. So if you have a STR of 13, then you'd gain a +3 to the final damage.

-Number of hands: How many hands it takes to use this weapon.

-Special: Any special qualities that the weapon might have.

-Cost: How much an item costs.

Melee Weapon	Damage	# Hands	Special	Cost
Knife	1d6	1		\$10
Short Sword	2d6	1		\$100
Medium Sword	3d6	1		\$500
Large Sword	5d6	2		\$1,000
Hand Axe	2d6	1		\$20
Medium Axe	3d6	2		\$30
Large Axe	4d6	2		\$50
Mace	4d6	1		\$100
Whip	1d6	1		\$30
Spear	3d6	2		\$100
Staff	4d6	2		\$30
Katana	5d6	2		\$500

Shooting Weapon Terms

-Damage: As it says.

-Range: How far the weapon can shoot.

-Ammo: How much ammunition the weapon has in a clip and such.

-Firing Rate (FR): How many rounds can be fired in one turn. When firing more than one round players roll the damage times the number of rounds fired. So if a rifle fires three rounds, then the damage would be 6d6 times three.

-Number of hands: How many hands it takes to use the weapon.

-Special: Any special qualities that the weapon might have.

-Cost: How much an item costs.

Weapon	Damage	Range	Ammo	FR	# Hands	Special	Cost
Light Revolver	2d6	50	6	2	1		\$150
Medium Revolver	3d6	65	6	2	1		\$200
Light Automatic Pistol	2d6	40	7	3	1		\$350
Medium Automatic Pistol	3d6	70	6	2	1		\$500
Heavy Automatic Pistol	4d6	75	6	2	2		\$800
Light SMG	3d6	120	20/32	3/10/32	2		\$700
Medium SMG	4d6	175	30	3/12/30	2		\$1,200
Light Rifle	6d6	1000	10	3	2		\$400
Medium Rifle	8d6	2000	4	2	2		\$1,200
High Powered Rifle	10d6	2500	12	3	2		\$2,000
Automatic Rifle	6d6	350	20/30	3/12/30	2		\$1,600
Shotgun (slug)	8d6	20	10	2	2	Knock Down	\$200
Light Machine Gun	6d6	450	30	15/45	2		N/A
Medium Machine Gun	10d6	800	Belt	8/24	2		N/A
RPG	1d6x50	500	1	1	2		N/A
LAW	1d6×100	200	1	1	2		N/A

Vehicle Rules

Vehicle rules are pretty simple. You can apply rules from other games with ease. We actually suggest if you have a game mechanic from another system you like, use it here. It will require some conversion I'm sure. Vehicles are pretty basic. Let's cover some terms.

-Weight: Like it says, the weight of the car in pounds.

-Maneuver: Vehicles can only react at certain rates. So just because you have a high Agility, doesn't mean that the vehicle can react as fast as you. The number in the Maneuver box represents what the max AGI bonus, or in some cases the penalty on AGI.

-Passengers: How many people can safely fit inside.

-Speed: How fast the vehicle moves in MPH

-AC (Armor Class): just like it works in the armor section.

-Body: The material toughness of the vehicle. How much damage it can take, works just like Hit Points.

-Weapons: Any weapons that might be built in.

-Extras: Other cool things that have been placed in the vehicle. Like radios, radar guns and so on.

Vehicle	Maneuver	Passengers	Speed	AC	Body	Cost
Medium Car	-4	5	110	5	300	\$9,500
Sports Car	-3	2	120	5	300	\$20,000
Van	-5	8	120	8	350	\$9,000
Truck	-6	2/4	120	10	300	\$15,000
Motorcycle	-2	1/2	100	5	50	\$500
Sports Bike	-2	1	130	7	100	\$2,500
Motor Boat	-4	4	30	7	100	\$500
Medium Boat	-4	8	35.5	15	400	\$800
Speed Boat	-2	2	62	10	200	\$12,000
Small Helicopter	-2	2/8	150	7	200	\$450,000
Private Jet	-2	10	600	5	800	N/A

Basic Vehicles

The Basic System: Sleuths & Lawyers

Roll	Location	DM	HD	Result			
1	Right Front Tire	0	-5	Blowout, -2 Maneuver			
2	Left Front Tire	0	-5	Blowout, -2 Maneuver			
3	Right Back Tire	0	-5	Blowout, -2 Maneuver			
4	Left Back Tire	0	-5	Blowout, -2 Maneuver			
5-9	Front	X2	+2				
10-12	Right Side	0	+2				
13-15	Left Side	0	+2				
16-19	Back	0	+2				
20	Engine	X3	-3	Vehicle shuts down			

Random Vehicle Hit Chart



The Location Table & Taking Damage

When locked in combat, you're not always going to hit where you want to.

Sometimes if you hit them, it doesn't matter where. Let's look at some quick terms. -Location: As it says.

-Damage Modifier (or DM): Does a hit to this location do more damage than other locations?

-Hit Modifier (HD): What penalties to you get when trying to hit there locations?

Roll 1d20	Location	DM	HD
1	Head	X2	-6
2	Neck	X2	-6
3-5	Chest		0
6-8	Torso		0
9	Right Upper Arm		-3
10	Right Lower Arm		-3
11	Right Hand		-4
12	Left Upper Arm		-3
13	Left Lower Arm		-3
14	Left Hand		-4
15	Left Upper Leg		-3
16	Right Upper Leg		-3
17	Right Lower Leg		-3
18	Left Lower Leg		-3
19	Right Foot		-4
20	Left Foot		-4

Here is a random hit location chart using a Twenty-sided die.



Damage

In RPGs you are bound to get hurt. Any damage done by a fist or a fall less than ten feet only does **Stun Damage**. Any damage done by a weapon, vehicle, or a fall from more than ten feet does **Killing Damage**. When you

run out of **Stun Points** or **S*P** you begin to take damage to your **Hit Points** or **HP**. When your **HP** reaches zero you are down for the count, but not dead. Once your **HP** reaches **-10** you die. At zero **HP** you are in need of serious medical care. Without treatment, players will take one point of damage each hour until they reach **-10**. Skills like First Aid and Paramedic can quickly put a stop to this. Only someone with a Paramedic skill or higher can stabilize someone who is under zero **HP**. Anyone who is bleeding from an injury takes one point of damage each round until the bleeding has stopped. Anyone with the First Aid skill or higher can stop bleeding.

The Knockout Rules

When a player takes enough stun damage that it goes over their S^P , then they must make an END save or be knocked out cold. You calculate the save like this: Roll 1d20 plus the number of points over your S^P . If the results are more than your END you are out cold for 1d6 rounds. So if Buster gets hit for 15 points of stun damage and he only has 10 points left, he'd roll 1d20, add 5 from that and look at his END. Buster has an END of 12. He rolls a 16 plus 5, and that leaves him out cold. If he had rolled anything lower than a 6 and he could still be standing. 1d20 + damage over Stun Points= END save difficulty level.

Healing

Healing is the most important part of any game. Sometimes you will have spell caster and other time you'll have super healing potions. For those of you who are playing real world games, there is down time. Players heal their END bonus per day. With medical attention (meaning in hospital stay) they gain their END bonus times two per day. Anytime damage is done to one area that goes over 15 points of damage there is a good chance of being scarred. For each day that an injury goes without medical care that area will become scarred and the player will lose -1 CHA per day until treated. Plastic surgery can fix up to 3 points of CHA.



Gaining Experience

Experience Points are usually based on the settings. Some ways to determine Experience Points or XP are to divide the opponent's Hit Points by two. This doesn't mean you need to kill them. A subdued adversary rewards XP the same way. In general for the Basic System, we determine XP in the following ways:

-Divide Hit Points by 2= XP

-Scale XP with awesome actions with values 10 to 50. Award 10 to 50 XP.

-Award XP for teamwork. Hand out anywhere from 10 to 20 XP.

-Everyone who games really well and is not disruptive, hand out 10 XP.

-You can pretty much hand out XP for anything. It's always up to the GM.

Using Experience

In a point based system, Experience is used to upgrade characters. This allows more skills to be purchased and stats to be raised. Here's a simple way of doing it:

-To raise a Main Stat, multiply the Stat number desired by 15. So if you have a STR of 13 and you want to raise it to 15, you multiply 15x15=the number of XP needed. You may not skip numbers. So if you have a 15 STR and you want to make it 17, you'll need to make it 16 first.

-For every 100 XP you gain 1 NAP.

-For every 100 XP you gain 1 SP

-For every 200 **XP** you may buy one **Extra** or level an **Extra** you already have up by one rank.

1980's Freaks and Geeks

Humo	n	Gan	g Memb	er	
Stat	#	MSB	Secon	dary	#
INT	10	0	Hit P	oints	24
WILL	10	0	Stun F	Points	24
СНА	10	0	Initic	ative	3
AGI	11	1	Pun	ch	11
STR	11	1	Kic	:k	13
END	12	2	Ru	in	22
SPD	11	1	Populo	arity	-5
Skill	s	LvL	MSB	Main 3	Stat
Atta	ck	3	1	AG	I
Dodg	le	3	1	AG	I
Percep	tion	2	0	IN	Т
Educat	ion	2	0	IN	Т
Unarm	ied	3	1	AG	I
Crimin	nal	4	Vary	var	У
Skil					
Weap	on	DMG	RNG	Spec	cial
L.	L.		50		
Revolv	Revolver				
Knif	e	1d6			

Humo	an		gger Gang Member)	
Stat	#	MSB	Second	ary	#
INT	13	3	Hit Poi	nts	26
WILL	11	1	Stun Po	ints	26
СНА	15	5	Initiat	ive	4
AGI	13	3	Puncl	h	11
STR	11	1	Kick		13
END	13	3	Run		22
SPD	11	1	Popular	rity	-10
Skill	s	LvL	MSB	Mair	n Stat
Atta	ck	5	3	A	GI
Dodg	je	5	3	A	GI
Percep	tion	4	3	I	NT
Educat	tion	4	3	I	NT
Unarm	ned	5	3	A	GI
Crimii		6	Vary	V	ary
Skil					
Weap	on	DMG	RNG	Sp	ecial
M. 51	٨G	4d6	175		
M. Au	ito	3d6	70		
Pisto	bl				
Armo	Armor		M×AGI	Sp	ecial
Kevla Ves [.]		12	0		

Humo	ın		Ninja			Huma	an	M	ercenary		
Stat	#	MSB	Second	dary	#	Stat	#	MSB	Second	dary	#
INT	14	4	Hit Po	ints	34	INT	13	3	Hit Po	oints	28
WILL	16	6	Stun P	oints	34	WILL	15	5	Stun P	oints	28
СНА	14	4	Initia	tive	12	СНА	10	0	Initia	tive	5
AGI	17	7	Punc	:h	15	AGI	14	4	Punc	:h	14
STR	15	5	Kic	k	17	STR	14	4	Kic	k	16
END	17	7	Rur	-	30	END	14	4	Ru	-	22
SPD	15	5	Popula	rity	0	SPD	11	1	Popula	rity	0
Skill	s	LvL	MSB	Main	Stat	Skill	S	LvL	MSB	Main	Stat
Attad	c k	7	7	AG	Я	Atta	ck	5	4	AG	I
Dodg	je	7	7	AG	Л	Dodg	je	4	4	AG	I
Percep	tion	8	4	IN	T	Percep	tion	4	3	IN	Т
Educat	ion	4	4	IN	T	Educat	tion	4	3	IN	Т
Unarm	ied	7	7	AG	Л	Unarm	ned	5	4	AG	I
Ninj Skill		7	Vary	Va	ry	Milita Skil	'	5	Vary	Var	γ
Weap	on	DMG	RNG	Spe	cial	Weap	on	DMG	RNG	Spec	cial
Katar	na	3d10	2			Auto-R	lifle	3d12	350		
Shurik	ken	1d4	STRx5			M. Au	to-	3d6	70		
Armo	or	AC	MxAGI	Spe	cial	Pisto	ol				
Padde	ed	5	0			Armo	or	AC	M×AGI	Spec	ial
						Flak V	est	21	0		
	_										

Humo	an	Com	mon Cro	ok	
Stat	#	MSB	Secon	dary	#
INT	10	0	Hit P	oints	20
WILL	10	0	Stun F	Points	20
СНА	10	0	Initic	ative	3
AGI	13	3	Pun	ch	12
STR	12	2	Kic	:k	14
END	10	0	Ru	In	20
SPD	10	0	Populo	arity	-5
Skill	s	LvL	MSB	Main	Stat
Atta	ck	3	3	AG	I
Dodg	je	3	3	AG	I
Percep	tion	3	0	IN	Т
Educat	tion	2	0	IN	Т
Unarm	ned	3	3	AG	I
Crimii	nal	3	Vary	Var	Ъ
Skil					
Weap	on	DMG	RNG	Spec	cial
L.		1d12	50		
Revolv	Revolver				
Knif	e	1d6	2		

Huma	n	Т	errorist		
Stat	#	MSB	Second	lary	#
INT	14	4	Hit Po	ints	26
WILL	16	6	Stun Pa	oints	26
СНА	14	4	Initia	tive	6
AGI	13	3	Punc	:h	11
STR	11	1	Kicl	K	13
END	13	3	Rur	I	26
SPD	13	3	Popula	rity	-10
Skill	s	LvL	MSB	Mair	n Stat
Atta	ck	5	3	A	GI
Dodg	je	6	3	3 A	
Percep	tion	7	4	I	NT
Educat	tion	4	4	I	NT
Unarm	ned	5	3	A	GI
Terro		5	Vary	V	ary
Skill	S				
Weapon		DMG	RNG	Sp	ecial
Auto-Rifle		3d12	350		
Explos	ive	1d4x10			

Humo	an		Nobster		
Stat	#	MSB	Secon	dary	#
INT	14	4	Hit Po	oints	24
WILL	16	6	Stun P	oints	24
СНА	17	7	Initia	tive	3
AGI	13	3	Punc	ch	13
STR	13	3	Kic	k	15
END	12	2	Ru	n	20
SPD	10	0	Popula	rity	10
Skill	s	LvL	MSB	Main :	Stat
Atta	ck	5	3	AG	I
Dodg	je	4	3	AG	I
Percep	tion	4	4	IN	Т
Educat	tion	4	4	IN	Т
Unarm	ned	4	3	AG	I
Mob S	kills	7	Vary	Var	γ
Weap	on	DMG	RNG	Spec	cial
M. Auto P	'istol	2d6	70		
Armo	or	AC	M×AGI	GI Spec	
Concec	Concealed		4		

Humo	an		Soldier		
Stat	#	MSB	Secon	dary	#
INT	13	3	Hit Po	oints	32
WILL	15	5	Stun P	oints	32
СНА	10	0	Initia	tive	7
AGI	15	5	Punc	ch	16
STR	16	6	Kic	k	18
END	16	6	Rui	1	24
SPD	12	2	Popula	rity	+10
Skill	s	LvL	MSB	Main	Stat
Atta	ck	7	5	AG	FI
Dodg	je	6	5	AG	Я
Percep	tion	6	3	IN	T
Educat	ion	5	3	IN	IT
Unarm	ied	7	5	AG	Л
Milita	'	7	Vary	Va	ry
Skil					
Weap	on	DMG	RNG	Spe	cial
Auto-R	ifle	3d12	350		
M. Auto P	istol	3d6	70		
Armo	or	AC	MxAGI	Spe	cial
Tactio	cal	10	6		
Flak V	est	21	0		

Human		SWAT				Human		Police Officer		er	
Stat	#	MSB	Secon	dary	#	Stat	#	MSB	Secon	dary	#
INT	13	3	Hit Points		32	INT 13		3	Hit Points		32
WILL	15	5	Stun Points		32	WILL	15	5 Stun Point		oints	32
СНА	10	0	Initiative		7	СНА	10	0	Initia	tive	7
AGI	15	5	Punch		16	AGI	15	5	Punch		16
STR	16	6	Kick		18	STR	16	6	Kick		18
END	16	6	Run		24	END	16	6	Run		24
SPD	12	2	Popularity		+10	SPD	12	2	Popularity		+10
Skills		LvL	MSB	Main	Stat	Skil	s	LvL MSB Mai		Main	Stat
Attack		6	5	AG	Я	Attack		5	5	AGI	
Dodge		5	5	AGI		Dod	je	4	5	AGI	
Perception		5	3	INT		Perception		3	3	INT	
Education		5	3	INT		Education		4	3	INT	
Unarmed		5	5	AGI		Unarmed		4	5	AGI	
Military Skill		3	Vary	Vary		Police Skills		7	Vary	Vary	
Weapon		DMG	RNG	Special		Weapon		DMG	RNG	Special	
Auto-Rifle		3d12	350			Auto-Rifle		3d12	350		
M. Auto Pistol		3d6	70			M. Auto Pistol		3d6	70		
Armor		AC	M×AGI	Special		Armor		AC	M×AGI	Special	
Tactical		10	6			Tactical		10	6		
Flak Vest		21	0			Flak Vest		21	0		

Pick your show

Each game needs to have a theme. So Game Masters need to plan ahead. Do you want your game to be a mystery show or a cop show? Some shows combine both. So what show type do you want? Here are some samples:

Cop Show: Your classic cops and robbers. Players have to follow the law and bust bad guys.

Law Show: Players are lawyers and cops looking to solve the crime and prosecute the criminal.

Murder Mystery: This game is set for a good murder mystery or "Who Done It?" **Retired Turned:** This game is for players who want to work the retirement theme. This show puts players in the position of being out of their profession and taking on new more interesting hobbies.

Vice: Drug dealers need to go. The streets need to be cleaned up. You're a vice cop. Kick butt, take names, get the chicks.

Where to Run your Games?

Most shows in the 1980's had a central location. Some took place in Hawaii, New England, others in Miami. So when GMs begin thinking about game ideas, they need to pick a spot to start in or just run a complete campaign. Here are some quick picks:

Small New England Community

This is a small town of people who know one another. Once and a while something occurs that is out of the ordinary. This setting is good for mysteries.

Boston

Boston is fitting for any lawyer game. Also works good for cop games.

Miami

Perfect for vice games. Get out on the streets and bust some drug dealers. Or play a retired lawyer who solves crimes in the city.

Hawaii

Working for the rich making sure their property is safe. Lots of military folk have retired to the island. Great for just about any game type.

New York City

While I shy away from this setting, people can use it for any game type.

The Basic System: Sleuths & Lawyers

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