ARAA CONTRACTOR CAL

- FIELD of -GLORY GAMING COMPANION

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INTRODUCTION

Field of Glory is a historical miniature tabletop wargaming rules system for anyone interested in recreating the battles of the ancient and medieval eras. This army list companion is designed to be used alongside the Field of Glory rulebook, and covers the armies of Rome and its enemies and allies from 280 to 25 BC. During this period, Rome expanded from Italy to gain an empire which included the whole of the Mediterranean and its surrounding regions.

As you look at each army, you will find the following sections:

- Brief historical notes on the army, its wars, its famous generals, weapons and/or troop types.
- A ready-to-play starter army just put it together and play a balanced small game.
- Instructions for building a customized army using our points system.
- A table with the full list of compulsory and optional troops.
- Supporting illustrations to give you a flavour of the period.
- Miniatures photographs.

Antesignani in combat with Acheaen Cavalry, Acheaen War, 146 BC, by Angus McBride. Taken from Men-at-Arms 291: Republican Roman Army 200–104 BC.



INTRODUCTION

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By 280 BC, Rome had conquered its main Italian rivals, including the Etruscans and Samnites, controlling most of Italy by a network of forced alliances. The Greek city of Tarentum, in the heel of Italy, appealed to the Hellenistic king Pyrrhos of Epiros for aid against Rome. This was the first clash between the Roman legions and the Hellenistic pike phalanx. Although Pyrrhos won some hardfought victories, he began to lose interest in the campaign and moved on elsewhere, allowing Rome to complete its control of southern Italy.

In 264 BC, a dispute between Rome and the Cathaginians over the city of Messina at the northeastern tip of Sicily resulted in the First Punic War against Carthage. The war lasted until 241 BC, ending in Roman victory. Carthage was forced to surrender Sicily to Rome. In 237 BC, Corsica and Sardinia were also annexed by the Romans.

Carthage consoled itself by conquering a new empire in Spain. In 218 BC their general, Hannibal, instigated a Second Punic War. Hannibal invaded italy and inflicted numerous severe defeats on the Roman armies. Things looked bleak for Rome. However, Hannibal never quite managed to capture Rome itself and the Romans fought back. They gradually managed to contain Hannibal in the far south of Italy, while in Spain their armies defeated other Carthaginians and conquered their Spanish empire. Eventually, the Romans invaded North Africa to threaten Carthage itself. Hannibal was recalled, but defeated at Zama in 202 BC. The former Carthaginian empire was reduced to modern Tunisia.

In 215 BC, during the Second Punic War, Rome first came into conflict with the Hellenistic kingdom of Macedon to the north of Greece, which led to four wars. After the fourth Macedonian war, in 148 BC, Macedon was annexed by Rome.

In 192 BC, an attempt by the eastern Hellenistic Seleucid kingdom to intervene in Greece provoked Roman intervention. The Seleucids were defeated in two battles, and lost their territories in Asia Minor, which were parceled out amongst Rome's allies.

In 149 BC, Rome found pretexts to declare war against Carthage again, and after the short Third Punic War destroyed Carthage and annexed her remaining territories.

In 133 BC, King Attalos III of Pergamon bequeathed his kingdom in western Asia Minor to Rome. Then in 88 BC, an attempt to check the expansionist ambitions of Mithridates of Pontus resulted in initial disaster for the Romans with the loss of the whole of Asia Minor and much of Greece. However, the Roman counterattack swiftly defeated the Pontic armies and swept Mithridates out of his newly conquered territories. Two further wars led to the final defeat of Mithridates in 63 BC and further territorial gains for Rome and her client allied kingdoms. The Syrian remnants of the Seleucid kingdom were annexed at this time.

From 58 to 51 BC, the Romans, under Julius Caesar, went on to conquer Gaul (modern France). Britain was also invaded briefly, but to no lasting effect. In 53 BC, an attempt to invade the Iranian Parthian kingdom in the east resulted in disaster at the battle of Carrhae.

From 49 BC, a series of civil wars wracked the Roman Empire. In the last phase of the wars, the Hellenistic Ptolemaic kingdom of Egypt became involved on the losing side, with the result that Egypt was annexed in 30 BC. Following this, Octavian, great-nephew and adoptive heir of Julius Caesar, was in sole control of the Roman world, becoming the first emperor, under the name of Augustus. By this time the Roman Empire included Italy, Spain, Gaul, North Africa, Greece, Asia Minor, Syria and Egypt. A series of small client kingdoms in the east acted as buffers against Parthia.

We have organized the army lists in approximately the order the states they cover first came into military contact with Rome.

INTRODUCTION

LATE REPUBLICAN ROMAN GALLIC PYRRHIC LATER CARTHACIP ILLYRIAN ANCIENT SPANISE LATER MACEDONI ATTALID PERGAMI NUMIDIAN OR EA MOORISH LATER SELEUCID LATER SELEUCID LATER PTOLEMAR PONTIC SPARTACUS SLAVE REVOLT EARLY ARMENIAN PARTHIAN LATER JEWISH BOSPORAN

APPENDEX 1 - TH TOURNAMENT

MID-REPUBLICAN ROMAN

This list covers the armies of the Roman Republic from 280 to 105 BC – from the war against Pyrrhos of Epiros until the reforms of Marius. At the start of this period, Rome did not yet control the whole of Italy. By the end of the period, her empire had expanded to include not only the whole of Italy but also Sicily, Spain, Dalmatia, Greece and parts of Asia Minor and North Africa. In the meantime, epic wars had been fought and won against Epiros, Carthage, Macedon and the Seleucid Kingdom, as well as the Gallic, Spanish and Illyrian tribes.

THE LEGIONS

Rome's military success was based on her heavy infantry, the legions. According to Polybios, legions of this period were theoretically 4,200 strong, consisting of 1,200 hastati, 1,200 principes, 600 triarii and 1,200 lightly equipped velites. Each legion also had 300 cavalry. Allied *alae*, which were usually present in equal numbers to legions, were similarly organised but had three times as many cavalry. A legion would form up in three lines, the hastati in front, principes in the second line and triarii in the third. Each "line" consisted of

Roman Legionaries, Second Punic War, by Angus McBride © Osprey Publishing Ltd. Taken from Men-at-Arms 291: Republican Roman Army 200 – 104 BC.



MID-REPUBLICAN ROMAN

maniples of 120 men, separated by intervals large enough for a maniple of the line behind to fill. This is the famous chequerboard formation, which gave the legion much greater flexibility in the advance than a solid phalanx as used by the Carthaginians and the Hellenistic kingdoms. It is uncertain how this formation worked in practice contact with the enemy, as the gaps would appear to be a liability. However, as a battle group of 4 bases would represent 8 maniples at the mormal troop representation scale, we do not need to worry about this level of detail. Instead, each battle group of hastati and principes is assumed to represent a number of maniples of both types in chequerboard formation.

Roman legionaries of this period carried a large oval shield (scutum). The semi-cylindrical shield of the 1st and early 2nd century AD had not yet come into use, nor had the lorica segmentata (body armour). Instead those able to afford it wore chain mail, while the poorer men were issued a small square bronze breastplate by the state. The hastati and principes fought with a heavy throwing spear (pilum) and short sword (gladius). The triarii still

carried the old thrusting spear (hosto). The hastati were drawn from the youngest and fittest men. the principes were experienced men in their prime, and the triarii were the veterans less active but steady, and the last hope if anything went wrong.

Triarius

GENERAL SCIPIO AFRICANUS (235 - 183 BC)

Publius Cornelius Scipio Africanus Major was the Roman general who finally defeated the Carthaginian general Hannibal at Zama in 202 BC. His victories over lesser Carthaginian commanders in Spain had paved the way for the Roman invasion of Africa. He is held by some to have been a greater general than Hannibal. Nevertheless it could be said that he learned his trade from the exploits of the great Carthaginian. However, unlike Hannibal, he never lost a battle.

MID-REPUBLICAN

ROMAN

Commander-in-Chief	1	Troop Commander
Sub-commanders	2	2 x Troop Commander
Hastati & Principes	4 BGs	Each comprising 4 bases of legionaries: Superior, Armoured, Drilled Heavy Foot – Impact Foot, Skilled Swordsmen
Triarii	2 BGs	Each comprising 2 bases of legionaries: Elite, Armoured, Drilled Heavy Foot – Offensive Spearmen
Velites	2 BGs	Each comprising 4 bases of velites: Average, Unprotected, Drilled Light Foot – Javelins, Light Spear
Cavalry	2 BGs	Each comprising 4 bases of cavalry: Average, Armoured, Undrilled Cavalry – Light Spear, Swordsmen
Italian allied foot	1 BG	6 bases of medium foot javelinmen: Average, Protected, Drilled Medium Foot – Light Spear, Swordsmen
Camp	1	Fortified camp
Total	11 BGs	Camp, 8 mounted bases, 34 foot bases, 3 commanders



General Scipio Africanus was renowned as a merciful leader. (© C Hellier/AAA Collection Ltd.)

BUILDING A CUSTOMISED LIST USING OUR ARMY POINTS

Choose an army based on the maxima and minima in the list below. The following special instructions apply to this army:

- · Commanders should be depicted as cavalry.
- Hastati, principes and triarii must be organised as legions: hastati and principes are brigaded together as battle groups. Depending on the size of army represented, a legion could be organised as 2 battle groups, each of 4 hastati and principes, and 1 battle group of 2 triarii, or as 2 battle groups, each of 8 hastati and principes, and 1 battle group of 4 triarii.
- It is recommended that each legion be deployed with its hastati and principes in front and its triarii in support behind.

- If part of a legion is upgraded, the whole legion must be upgraded.
- If part of a legion is downgraded, the whole legion including leves/velites must be downgraded.
- Apart from Italian allied foot, no more than 8 bases can be used from the optional troops list.
- Aitolian and Pergamene allies can be used together, otherwise only one
- nationality of allies can be used.
- Ligurians, thureophoroi, elephants, Numidian allies, Aitolian allies and Pergamene allies cannot be used before 202 BC.

Hastatus

MID-REPUBLICAN ROMAN

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	maph	and the second second second	Field Com	1028-2-201 - 201-201-201-201-201-201-201-201-201-201-	cop comin	and the second s	50	-	0-2
be-commanders			Troop Com	April 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100			35	12.2	0-3
		Тгоор Турн	and the second second	umander	Car	abilities	Points	Bases	Total
Troop name	Type		Armour Quality		Shooting	Close Combat	per base	per BG	bases
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	The second second	Armoured	and all a	cure nee		Light Spear,	12		and the second second
Cavalry	Cavalry	Protected	Average	Undrilled		Swordsmen	9	4-6	0-8
egionaries:	Contract Contract	Housing	(Shanilaran)	-			The State Charge	THE OWNER OF THE OWNER	Contra operations
		Armoured	CHARLES COMMENT			Impact Foot,	10		
Eastati & Principes	Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled		Swordsmen	8	4-8	16-48
		Concentration of the	100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100		and the second	Offensive			1 per 4 Hastati
Iriarii	Heavy Foot	Armoured	Superior	Drilled	The state of	Spearmen	13	2-4	Principes
and the second	10 A 10	Unprotected		n 111 1	4	11 De Course	4	4-8	1 per 2 Hastati
eves or Velites	Light Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled	Javelins	Light Spear	5	1-0	Principes
ograde veteran legio	naries to:	Endeligene	netel and		E PLASE	Sanne Sanne	A COLUMN		P. Banuaria
		Armoured				Impact Foot,	14	1.Stand	
Fastati & Principes	Heavy Foot	In the second	Superior	Drilled	the second	Skilled		4-8	0-16
		Protected				Swordsmen	11	100 999	
Triarii	Heavy Foot	Armoured	Elite	Drilled	-	Offensive	16	2-4	1 per 4 Hastati
	strach success	and the second s	-11000	A Charles	A State	Spearmen		A THERE	Principes
eves or Velites	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Drilled	Javelins	Light Spear	4	4-8	I per 2 Hastati Principes
		Protected					2	- Contractor	rimcipes
lowngrade unenthus	lastic allies, raw,	slave or penal le	gionaries t	D:		and the second	PERSONAL PROPERTY		
Hastati & Principes	Heavy Foot	Protected	Poor	Drilled	Territ	Impact Foot, Swordsmen	6	4-8	0-16
						Offensive			1 per 4 Hastati
Driarii	Heavy Foot	Protected	Poor	Drilled		Spearmen	6	2-4	Principes
		Unprotected	1000			7.1.0	2	1.2	1 per 2 Hasta
Leves or Velites	Light Foot	Protected	Poor	Drilled	Javelins	Light Spear	3	4-8	& Principes
Fortified camp					-	Consultation of the second	24	APRIL 1	Angle Longs
	methic period	Signature Conta	Par billing	Optional Tr	nops	and and and	- Contraction of Contraction	and the	A REAL PROPERTY.
talian allied pedites		Protected				Light Spear,	9		
extraordinarii	Medium Foot	Armoured	Superior	Drilled	11	Swordsmen	12	4	0-4
Other lighter	And a state of the	AL SUCCESS	Average				7	The Party of the P	M. Landson
equipped Italian	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled		Light Spear, Swordsmen	all Reals	6-8	0-12
allied infantry			Poor			Swordsmen	5	Call Kall	
Cretan archers	Light Foot	Unprotected	Superior	Drilled	Bow		6	4-6	06
Frallian or Syracusan dingers	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Sling		4	4-6	06
Spanish scutarii	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled		Impact Foot, Swordsmen	7	4-6	0—6
Illyrian foot	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled		Offensive Spearmen	7	46	0-6
Gallic foot	Heavy or Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled		Impact Foot, Swordsmen	7	46	0-6
Ligurian foot	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	- ACCE	Light Spear	5	4-6	0-6
Thureophoroi	Medium Foot or Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled	-	Offensive Spearmen	8	4-6	0-6
Numidian or Illyrian cavalry	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	7	4	0-4
Elephants	Elephants	Contraction of the local distance	Average	Undrilled	- Elizabet	STO RELEASE	2.5	2	0-2
				Allics					

MID-REPUBLICAN ROMAN

PYRRHIC LATER CARTHAGINIA ILLYRIAN ANCIENT SPANISH LATER MACEDONIAN ATTALID PERGAMENI NUMILIAN OR EARL'

LATER SELEUCID LATER PTOLEMAIC PONTIC

SPARTACUS SLAVE REVOLT EABLY ARMENIAN PARTHIAN LATER JEWISH

APPENDIX 1 – USEN THE LISTS

APPENDIX 2 — THEM TOURNAMENTS

Pergamene allies Spanish allies

Allied				LIGHIN	KOWI	AN ALLI	Eð		
commander		Field (Commande	er/Troop Co	mmander		40/25		1
Troop name		Troop	Туре		Cap	abilities	Points	Bases	Total
p	Туре	Armour	Quality	Training		Close Combat	Charles I was a second		
Cavalry	Cavalry	Armoured	A	The darm of	Ť	Light Spear,	12	per bo	0-4
	Cavally	Protected	Average	Undrilled	-	Swordsmen	9	4	
Legionaries:			A State State		To the second		CONSTRUCTION OF	TRACE COL	
Hastati &	Heavy	Armoured	Australia	D. III. I		Impact Foot,	10		
Principes	Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled	-	Swordsmen	8	48	8-16
Triarii	Heavy Foot	Armoured	Superior	Drilled	-	Offensive Spearmen	13	24	l per 4 Hastati & Principe
Leves or	Foot	Unprotected	A				4	N.S.	l per 2 Hastati 8 Principe
Velites		Protected	Average	Drilled	Javelins	Light Spear	5	4-8	
Upgrade vetera	an legion	is to:		a parate the	The second		C anter Street	CALCERCOVERS	Timeipe
Hastati &	Heavy	Armoured	Cumprise	Dull		Impact Foot,	14		
Principes	Foot	Protected	Superior	Drilled		Skilled Swordsmen	11	4-8	0-16
Triarii	Heavy Foot	Armoured	Elite	Drilled	-	Offensive Spearmen	16	2-4	l per 4 Hastati & Principes
Leves or	Light	Unprotected					4		1 per 2
Velites	Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled	Javelins	Light Spear	5	4-8	Hastati & Principes

LATE REPUBLICAN ROMAN

This list covers Roman armies from 105 to 25 BC – from the reforms of Marius until the reforms of Augustus. During this period Gaul, Cyrenaica, Egypt, Syria and additional swathes of Asia Minor were added to the empire. A series of buffer client kingdoms were left in the east between the directly ruled territories and the Parthian kingdom, whose horse archers and cataphracts had proved a successful

counter to the otherwise all-conquering legions. A feature of this period, continued throughout the rest of Roman history, was a series of civil wars. These culminated in the victory of Octavian, great-nephew and adoptive heir of Julius Caesar. The Republic was replaced by the Principate, with Octavian becoming the first Roman emperor under the name of Augustus.

LATE REPUBLICAN ROMAN

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Roman Legionaries, by Richard Hook © Osprey Publishing Ltd. Taken from Men-at-Arms 121: Armies of the Carthaginian Wars 265 – 146 BC.

MID REPUBLICAN ROMAN LATE REPUBLICAN ROMAN GALLIC PYRRHIC LATER CARTHAGINIA ILLYRIAN ANCIENT SPANISH I ATER MACEDONIAN ATTALIEJ PERGAMENT

MOORISH ATER SELEUCED ATER PTOMEMAIC ONTEC PARTACUS SLAVE REVOLT ARLY ARMENIAN ARTHIAN ATER JEWISH OSPORAN

THE LISTS APPENDIX 2 - THEMI TOURNAMENTS

THE LEGIONS

After the reforms of Marius, legionaries were no longer divided into hastati, principes and triarii, but were uniformly equipped with oval shield,

Legionary

mail, pilum and sword. (As previously mentioned, the semi-cylindrical shield and lorica segmentata came into use later, in the 1st century AD). Maniples were replaced by larger tactical units called cohorts. Each legion had ten cohorts, each of 480 men at full strength. Later legions, though possibly not those of this period, had one larger senior cohort of 800 men.

The general quality of the legions was high, but some veteran legions became renowned for their prowess. Others on long-term postings in peaceful areas sometimes lost their edge.

AUXILIARY TROOPS

Cavalry and light troops were recruited from conquered and adjacent areas, but not yet organised into regular units. They included Spaniards, Gauls, Germans, Macedonians, Numidians, Thracians, Illyrians, Greeks, Syrians and others. Check out the lists for these nations to see which nations could provide which types.



LATE REPUBLICAN ROMAN

GAIUS JULIUS CAESAR (100 - 44 BC)

Roman politician, general and dictator. His conquest of Gaul started in 58 BC and culminated in the epic siege of Alesia in 52 BC. This conquest gave him much political kudos and a loyal veteran army. During intervals in the fighting, he found time to invade Britain (abortively) twice in 55 and 54 BC. In 49 BC he made his bid for ultimate power, moving his army from Cisalpine Gaul into Roman Italy. This was against Roman law and triggered an epic civil war against the followers of Pompeius Magnus. After the final defeat of the Pompeian faction in 45 BC, Caesar returned to Rome glorious as Dictator for Life of the Roman Republic. However, on 15th March, 44 BC he was assassinated by a group of senatorial conspirators.

Gaius Julius Caesar

Commander-in-Chief	1	Inspired Commander (Caesar)
Sub-commanders	2	2 x Troop Commander
Legionaries	4 BGs	Each comprising 4 bases of legionaries: Superior, Armoured, Drilled Heavy Foot – Impact Foot, Skilled Swordsmen
Heavy cavalry	1 BG	4 bases of Gallic or German cavalry: Superior, Armoured, Undrilled Cavalry Light Spear, Swordsmen
Light cavalry	2 BGs	Each comprising 4 bases of Numidian, Thracian or Illyrian light horse: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Horse – Javelins, Light Spear
Illyrian foot	1 BG	8 bases of Illyrian foot: Average, Protected, Undrilled Medium Foot – Offensive Spearmen
Slingers	1 BG	6 bases of slingers: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Foot - Sling
Camp	1	Fortified camp
Total	9 BGs	Camp, 12 mounted bases, 30 foot bases, 3 commanders

BUILDING A CUSTOMISED LIST USING OUR ARMY POINTS

Choose an army based on the maxima and minima in the list below. The following special instructions apply to this army:

- Commanders should be depicted as cavalry or legionaries.
- Thureophoroi can be graded as Medium Foot or Heavy Foot, but all must be graded the same.
- Only one allied contingent can be used.
- Gladiators cannot be used with any allies.
- Brutus and Cassius cannot use gladiators.

ROMAN ROMAN LATE REPUBLICAN ROMAN GALLIC PYRRHIC LATER CARTHAGINEAN ILLYRIAN ANCIENT SPANISH LATER MACEDONIAN ATTALID PERGAMENE NUMIDIAN OR EARLY MOORISH LATER SELEUCID ARTHLAN LATER JEWISH BOSPORAN APPENDIX 1 – USING THE LISTS

	Contraction of the local distance	LAT	EREP	UBLI	CAN	ROMAN	J			
Con Coldenador		Territe	ory Types: A	gricultural, I	Developed.	Hilly, Woodland				
C-in-C	In	spired Comma	nder/Field (Commander/	Troop Com	mander	80/50/35		1	
Sub-commanders			Field Co	ommander	and the state		50		0-2	
and the second s	a la series	Station and	Troop C	ommander			35		0-2	
Troop name		Troop	Туре		0	apabilities	Points	Desires	0-5	
moop manie	Туре					per base	Bases per BG	Total ba		
				Core Tro	ops		Sector Management	AND DECKES AND		
Legionaries	Heavy Foot	Armoured	Superior	Drilled	-	Impact Foot, Skilled Swordsmen	14	48	12-4	
Upgrade veteran legionaries to	Heavy Foot	Armoured	Elite	Drilled	-	Impact Foot, Skilled Swordsmen	17	48	0-18	
Downgrade slack legionaries to	Heavy Foot	Armoured	Average	Drilled	-	Impact Foot, Swordsmen	10	4-8	0-18	
Downgrade raw legionaries to	Heavy Foot	Armoured	Poor	Drilled	4	Impact Foot,	8	4-8	0-18	
Velites Only before	Light Foot	Unprotected				Swordsmen	4		410	
80 BC	Light root	Protected	Average	Drilled	Javelins	Light Spear	5	1. 5	0-12	
Javelinmen	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	4	6-8	0-12 6-	
Archers	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow	- Contraction	5		0-12	
Slingers	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Sling		4		Contraction of the second second	
Martin State	a la grada de la grade	Armoured	Superior		1100000		16		0-12	
Heavy cavalry	Cul	Protected	Superior		A STATE OF THE STATE	Tight Care	12		A STATE	
incavy cavalry	Cavalry	Armoured	Average	Undrilled	-	Light Spear, Swordsmen		4-6	4-8	
		Protected	Average		11/201	omordanien	12			
Light cavalry	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Tarrellina	The	9	1000	1 States	
Fortified camp	9	- angraneared	interage	Cudimisa	Javelins	Light Spear	7	4-6	0-8	
Concernant States	and the second second	A Strate Con	Toporte and	Optional Tr	0005	Antonia di Mandalan Ma	24	A DESCRIPTION	1	
Iretan archers	Light Foot	Unprotected	Superior	Drilled	Bow		6	4.4		
ipanish scutaril	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	-	Impact Foot,	7	4-6	0-6	
Thracian foot	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled		Swordsmen Heavy Weapon				
llyrian or Rhaetian oot	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled		Offensive	7			
igurian foot	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled		Spearmen Light Spear	5	6-8	0-12	
hureophoroi	All Medium Foot or all Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled		Offensive Spearmen	8			
lephants	Elephants	Sec. 12	Average	Undrilled	-		20	and shares		
ladiators	Medium Foot or Heavy Foot	Protected	Superior	Undrilled		Skilled	2.5 9	2	0-2	
olt-shooters	Heavy artillery		Average	Drilled	Heavy	Swordsmen	20	2	0-4	
rian horse archers	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Artillery Bow		8	1	in the state of the state of	
eld entrenchments	Field Fortifications						3	4	0-4	
C. Charles	Station of the	THE ALLES	Conservation of	Allies	There are not		Sile Colorest			
rab allies – Early Ara	ıb		and the second second	Tutter .	Contraction of the		and set and the			
rmenian allies		Inter States	1411	and the second second				Land Land		
thynian allies			ALC: NOT		AND AND	and the second second			*	
acian allies – see Fie	eld of Glory Con	opanion 5- Legio	ns Triumphant	Imperial Page	in LA.Sur			. Stands		
ilatian allies - see F	ield of Glory Co	mpanion 3. Im	nortal Firm C	ak Darei	u vvur.	710 C	C. Starte			
alatian allies – see F wish allies – Later Je	ewish		not un Pille; Gre	es, persian and N	dacedanian Wa	rs. (All foot must	be imitation le	gionaries)	1.49123	
umidian or Moorish		Notice and	A Start		1000 1		Mail Salata	Constant 1	C. States	
the state of the second se	Stan Carlos and and	and the second second	S	pecial Campa	igne		Inclusion in the local day		2 August	
rutus and Cassius i	in 42 BC			campa	agus.		AND CONTRACT		and the second	
astern or Thracian orse archers	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow	-	8	4-6	1.12	
and a second	Medium Four	Inmediated	101 J. 201 111	Balling Sile 1				1-0	4-16	
Bastern foot archers	Medium Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow	-	5	6~8	0-8	

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Ilied commander		and the second se	A DESCRIPTION OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNE	Troop Comma	and the second	ALLIES	40/25	1	La state
elled commander		Troop T		trock commu		abilities	Points	Bases	Total
Troop name		the second second	Quality	Training	Training Shooting Close Comba			per BG	bases
Legionaries	Type Heavy Foot	Armour	Superior	Drilled	-	Impact Foot, Skilled Swordsmen	14	4-8	4-12
Downgrade slack legionaries to	Heavy Foot	Armoured	Average	Drilled		Impact Foot, Swordsmen	10	4-8	All or none
Only before		Unprotected		10 ml 1	I	Light Spear	4	Mar Park	
Velites 80 BC	Light Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled	Javelins	Light Spear	5		0-6
Javelinmen	Light Foot Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	4	4-6	
Archers		Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow		5	
Slingers	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Sling	- Chinase - Chinase	4		
		Armoured	Superior	The Case	Station and the	A STATEMENT	16	A States	
		Protected	Superior	tt Land		Light Spear,	12	4	
Heavy cavalry	Cavalry	Armoured	Average	Undrilled		Swordsmen	12	*	0-4
		Protected	Average				9		
Light cavalry	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	7	4	Ans.

BITHYNIAN ALLIES

The small kingdom of Bithynia, in north-west Asia Minor, was an independent kingdom from 297 BC until 74 BC when the last king bequeathed his kingdom to Rome. The Bithynians were of Thracian origin. Bithynia allied with Rome against Mithridates VI of Pontus. Not much is known about the composition of Bithynian armies, so the following list is highly speculative.

The commander should be depicted as cavalry.

Allied commander	BITHYNIAN ALLIES Bied commander Field Commander									
	the sector of	Ттоор	Туре	Cap	abilities	Points	Bases	Total		
Troop name	Туре	Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting	Close Combat	per base	per BG	bases	
		Armoured	Superior	Undrilled		Light Spear,	16	4		
Cavalry	Cavalry			Drilled	1 Same	Swordsmen	17		0-4	
Light cavalry	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	7	4		
Citizen foot	Medium Foot or Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled	-	Offensive Spearmen	8	4	0-4	
	Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled		Pikemen	6	the second	illette.	
Peltasts	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	4	Light Spear	5	6-8	8-20	
Javelinmen	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	4	4-6	0-6	
Archers	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow		5	4	0-4	

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THE LISTS THE LISTS APPENDIX 2 - THEMEL TOURNAMENTS

GALLIC

This list covers Gallic armies from the beginning of the 4th century BC until 50 BC when Caesar's conquest was complete. Gauls mainly fought in close order, often with overlapping shields, and were disadvantaged in rough terrain, but some hill tribes probably fought in looser order in their

Gaesati Mercenary

familiar terrain. Gaesati were a Gallic warrior society. They fought naked, but with the usual Gallic shield and weapons. Large Gallic armies were usually coalitions of several tribes.

GAULS VS ROME

The history of the relationship between Gauls and Rome is one of conflict lasting centuries. In 387 BC the Senones under Brennus defeated the Roman army and sacked Rome itself. This trauma was forever to colour Roman relations with Gallic tribes. The Gauls in Northern Italy (Cisalpine Gaul) remained a danger, inflicting a number of defeats on the Romans until the Gallic defeat at Telamon in 225 BC. When Hannibal invaded Italy at the start of the Second Punic War seven years later the Gallic Boii and Insubres joined him and took part in his many victories over the Romans. In 121 BC, southern Gaul (Transalpine Gaul) was incorporated as a Roman province. In 58 BC, a mass migration by the Helvetii gave Julius Caesar the opportunity to commence his conquest of Gaul, culminating in the siege of Alesia in 52 BC, which represented the last effective defence of

the Gauls, under Vercingetorix, against their age-old enemies. Contrary to the popular view of Gauls as "wild barbarians", their infantry usually advanced in good order in close formation, the advance culminating in a fierce massed charge. The bravest warriors, such as the Gaesati, often fought naked apart from their shields and weapons.

Vercingetorix. Caesar said of Vercingetorix "he terrorised waverers with the rigours of an iron discipline". © R Sheridan/AAA Collection Ltd.



GALLIC

Commander-in-Chief	1	LIC STARTER ARMY Field Commander
Sub-commanders	2	2 x Troop Commander
Warriors	5 BGs	Each comprising 8 bases of warriors: Average, Protected, Undrilled Heavy Foot – Impact Foot, Swordsmen
Armoured cavalry	1 BG	4 bases of cavalry: Superior, Armoured, Undrilled Cavalry – Light Spear, Swordsmen
Cavalry	2 BGs	Each comprising 4 bases of cavalry: Superior, Protected, Undrilled Cavalry – Light Spear, Swordsmen
Javelinmen	1 BG	8 bases of javelinmen: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Foot- Javelins, Light Spear
Camp	1	Unfortified camp
Total	9 BGs	Camp, 12 mounted bases, 48 foot bases, 3 commanders

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BUILDING A CUSTOMISED LIST USING OUR ARMY POINTS

Choose an army based on the maxima and minima in the list below. The following special instructions apply to this army:

- Commanders should be depicted as chariots (only before 100 BC) or cavalry (only from 300 BC).
 - Before 250 BC, excluding commanders' bases, chariot bases must at least equal cavalry bases, afterwards cavalry bases must at least equal chariot bases.
- Unless the C-in-C is of the same origin, troops only permitted to a certain origin can only be fielded under the command of an allied commander of that origin. All Gaesati must be under the command of one allied commander who can command only Gaesati. Other Gallic allied commanders' contingents must conform to the Gallic allies list below, but the troops in the contingent are deducted from the minima and maxima in the main list.

 Soldurii cannot be used with Gaesati, Germans or Ligurians.

> Only one non-Gallic allied contingent can be used.

> > Plashed wood edge can only be used in plantations or forest.

> > > Chariot

INTRODUCTION MID-REPUBLICAN BOMAN

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GALLIC

PYRAHIC LATER CARTHACINE ILLYRIAN ANCIENT SPANISH LATER MACEDONIA ATTALID PERGAMEN NUMIDIAN OR FARE

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APPENDIX 2 – THEN TOURNAMENTS

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				and the second se	GALLI							
Televille					es: Agricultu							
C-in-C		Inspi	ired Commande				mander	80/50/35		1	Contractor	
Sub-comman	Contraction in the second	- States			Troop Com			50/35		0-2		
Gallic allied co	ommanders		Field Co	mmander/	Troop Com	mander	- Alasan	40/25	in the second	0-2		
Troop name		Server State	Troop T	ype	Concession (1)	Ca	pabilities	Points	Bases		otal	
		Туре	Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting	2 COLD SERVICE ALL SERVICE	per base	per BG		otal	
		States and	- Andrews		Core Troops			The second			Contraction of the second	
Chariots	Only before 100 BC	Light Chariots	s -	Superior			Light Spear	15	4-6	0-24		
Cavalry	Only from	Cavalry	Armoured	Superior	Undrilled		Light Spear, Swordsmen	16	4-6	0-6	4-24	
	300 BC	Cavalry	Protected	Superior	Undrilled	-	Light Spear, Swordsmen	12	4-6	4-24		
Warriors	Only lowland tribes	Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled		Impact Foot, Swordsmen	7	8-12			
	Only hill tribes	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled		Impact Foot, Swordsmen	7	8-12	24-	-96	
Javelinmen		Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	National I	Light Spear	4	68	6	6-8	
	See Stat		See State	O	ptional Troop	ps		Rosen and	College College		G.	
Soldurii		Heavy Foot	Armoured	Elite	Undrilled	-	Impact Foot, Swordsmen	15	4-6	0-	-6	
Gaesati mercenaries	Only before 200 BC	Heavy Foot	Protected	Superior	Undrilled	-	Impact Foot, Swordsmen	9	8-12	0-2	24	
Archers	Constant State	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow		S	6-8			
Slingers	-	Light Foot	Unprotected		Undrilled	Sling		4	6-8	0-	8	
Families		Mob	Unprotected	Poor	Undrilled			2	8-12	0	1.4	
Wagon laager to protect flanks	o	Field Fortifications						3	0-12	0-1	1	
Plashed wood e		Field Fortifications						3		01	.2	
Fortified camp								24		0-1	1000	
			C. Contract		Allies	Contraction of the				Calles Color	-	
arly German a	illies – See F	Field of Glory Co	ompanion 5: Le	egions Triumpl	hant: Imperial B	ome At War.		Participation		anger .		
igurian allies	and solar		E. Harrister		and the second s	ALL STOCK			A			
panish (Iberiar	m) allies					CALL ST ST		Den au	a stante	102.00	All and	

GALLIC ALLIES Allied commander Field Commander/Troop Commander 40/25 1 Тгоор Турс Troop name Capabilities Points Bases Total Type Armour Quality Training Shooting Close Combat per base per BG bases Only Chariots before Light Chariots Superior Undrilled Light Spear 4-6 15 100 BC 4-8 Only from Cavalry Cavalry Light Spear, Protected Superior 300 BC Undrilled 12 4-6 Swordsmen Only lowland Heavy Foot Impact Foot, Protected Average Undrilled 7 8-12 Warriors tribes Swordsmen 8-24 Only hill Medium Foot Impact Foot, Protected. Average Undrilled tribes 7 8-12 Swordsmen Javelinmen Light Foot Unprotected Average Undrilled Light Spear 4 4 0-4

GALLIC

LIGURIAN ALLIES

The Ligurian tribes by this period were confined to the hills of north-west Italy, having been displaced by the Gauls from the fertile lowlands. They sometimes fought as allies to the surrounding nations. The commander should be depicted as warriors.

AND BE SERVICE			and the strength of the second s	Troop Comman		and the second second			
Allied commander	CONTRACTOR STATE	40/25	1						
And the second second second		Troop	Туре		bilities	Points	Bases	Total	
Troop name	Type	Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting	Close Combat	per base	per BG	bases
Warriors	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	1	Light Spear	5	8-12	8-24
Javelinmen	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	4	4-6	0-6



Gallic warriors, 1st century BC, by Angus McBride. Taken from Men-at-Arms 158: Rome and her Enemies (2) Gallic and British Celts.

GALLIC PYRRHIC LATER CARTHAGINIAN ELYRIAN ANCIENT SPANISH LATER MACEDOMIAN ATTALID PERGAMENE NUMIDIAN OR FARLY MOORISH LATER SPLEUCID LATER SPLEUCID LATER SPLEUCID LATER PTOLEMAIC PONTIC SPARTACUS SLAVE REVOLT EARLY ARMENTAN PARTHUAN LATER IEWISH BOSPORAN APPENDIX 1 – USING THE LISTS APPENDIX 2 – THEMI

PYRRHIC

This list covers the army of Pyrrhos of Epiros from 280 to 272 BC: from his landing in Italy until his death. During this time he campaigned in Italy, Sicily and Greece with mixed success. Cavalry could be Epirot, Macedonian, Greek, Thessalian, Oscan, Acarnanian, Aitolian or Athamanian. Hoplites could be mercenaries, or supplied by allied Greek or Italiot states.

GENERAL PYRRHOS OF EPIROS (318 – 272 BC)

Named by Hannibal as the second greatest general of all time after Alexander the Great, Pyrrhos is famous for his "Pyrrhic victories" against the Romans in which, although he won, his armies suffered exceptionally heavy casualties. As he was the only Hellenistic general to defeat a major Roman army in battle, his victories can nevertheless be regarded as great achievements. He also campaigned against the Carthaginians in Sicily and against various rivals in Greece and Macedonia. He was killed in a street battle in Argos in 272 BC, after being stunned by a roof tile thrown by an old woman.

The Macedonian phalanx formation, from T. A. Dodge's Alexander.

THE MACEDONIAN PHALANX

Developed by King Philip II of Macedon in the 4th century BC, used by his son Alexander the Great to conquer the Persian empire and by Alexander's successors (including Pyrrhos), the Macedonian phalanx was the invincible infantry of its day. Armed with the 18ft (5.5m) pike (sarissa), the spear points of the first 5 ranks projected beyond the front rank, forming an impenetrable wall of spears. The commonest formation was 16 ranks deep, although other formations were used at times. In a straight ahead fight, in good terrain, the phalanx was supreme, but it could come unstuck in less favourable circumstances. The Roman victories against Hellenistic armies were mostly a result of the Romans exploiting their more flexible formations to catch the phalanx at a disadvantage. For example, at Kynoskephalai (197 BC) they charged the engaged phalanx in the rear, and at Corinth (146 BC) in the flank. At Pydna (168 BC) the phalanx was disordered by uneven ground. At Magnesia (190 BC) the phalanx was forced to remain static due to the threat of outflanking cavalry until assorted missiles hurled at the elephants in the intervals between the phalanx blocks drove the elephants to panic and break up the phalanx formation.



PYRRHIC

A STREET STREET	PYR	RHIC STARTER ARMY
Commander-in-Chief	1	Inspired Commander (Pyrrhos)
Sub-commanders	2	2 x Troop Commander
Xystophoroi	1 BG	4 bases of xystophoroi: Superior, Armoured, Drilled Cavalry – Lancers, Swordsmen
Javelin-armed heavy cavalry	1 BG	4 bases of cavalry: Average, Armoured, Drilled Cavalry – Light Spear, Swordsmen
Tarantine light horse	1 BG	4 bases of light horse: Average, Unprotected, Drilled Light Horse – Javelins, Light Spear
Elephants	1 BG	2 bases of elephants: Average Elephants.
Phalanx	2 BGs	Each comprising 8 bases of phalangites: Average, Protected, Drilled Heavy Foot – Pikemen
Tarantine phalanx	1 BG	12 bases of phalangites: Poor, Protected, Drilled Heavy Foot - Pikemen
Samnite javelinmen	1 BG	8 bases of medium foot javelinmen: Average, Protected, Drilled Medium Foot – Light Spear, Swordsmen
Slingers	1 BG	6 bases of slingers: Average, Unprotected, Drilled Light Foot - Sling
Camp	1	Fortified camp
Total	9 BGs	Camp, 14 mounted bases, 42 foot bases, 3 commanders

Roman infantry fighting the Macedonian phalanx at the battle of Pydna, 168 BC, by Angus McBride. Taken from Men-at-Arms 291: Republican Roman Army 200–104 BC.



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GALLIC PYRRHIC

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BUILDING A CUSTOMISED LIST USING OUR ARMY POINTS

Choose an army based on the maxima and minima in the list below. The following special instructions apply to this army:

 Commanders should be depicted as xystophoroi or javelin-armed heavy cavalry.



Javelin-Armed Heavy Cavalry

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	and the second second			and the second second	Agricultura	l, Develope	d, Hilly				
C-in-C				Inspired Co	director interactor			80		1	
Sub-commande	IS		1 I Market	Field Con	mander	TO STATE		50	Carlos and	0-2	
and the second second				Troop Commander				35)-3	
Troop name		Section of the	Troop T	ype			abilities	Points	Bases	A CONTRACTOR	otal
	-	Туре	Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting	Close Combat	per base	per BG	ba	ses
					Core Troops						
Xystophoroi	Only before 274 BC	Cavalry	Armoured	Superior	Drilled	-	Lancers, Swordsmen	17	4-6	4	-6
	Before	Cavalry	Armoured	Superior	Drilled	Wager H	Light Spear,	17	4-6		-
Javelin-armed	274 BC	Cavalry	Armoureu	Average	Littlied		Swordsmen	13	4-0	+	-6
heavy cavalry	From	Cavalry	Armoured	Superior	Drilled		Light Spear,	17	1.1		1.7
	274 BC	Cavalry	Armoured	Average	Driffed		Swordsmen	13	4-6	6-	-12
Light cavalry		Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled or Drilled	Javelins	Light Spear	7	4-6	0	-6
Phalanx		Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled		Pikemen	6	8-12	12-	-64
		Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled	-	Offensive Spearmen	8			
Hoplites			W. Constant	Average	Undrilled		Offensive	7	6-8	0-	24
		Heavy Foot	Protected	Poor	Ondrified	-	Spearmen	5		-	
Archers		Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Drilled	Bow		5	6-8	0-12	
Slingers	1.44	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Drilled	Sling		4	68	0-12	6-2
Javelinmen		Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	4	68	0-12	
				O	ptional Troo	ps					
Elephants		Elephants	Average	Undrilled	-	Sec. Prod.		25	2	0	-2
Fortified camp						1 2		24		0	-1
and the second second	Charles and			Spe	cial Campai	igns		in the second			
In Italy from 2	80 BC to	275 BC	an an air								
Downgrade pha as Tarentines	alanx	Heavy Foot	Protected	Poor	Drilled		Pikemen	4	8-12	8-	-32
Samnite, Lucan Bruttian javelin		Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled	110-1	Light Spear, Swordsmen	7	68	6-	-2.4
In Greece from	1 274 BC t	o 273 BC									ale H
Galatians		Heavy Foot	Protected	Superior	Undrilled	-	Impact Foot, Swordsmen	9	6-12	0-	12

LATER CARTHAGINIAN

This list covers Carthaginian armies from 275 BC until 146 BC, from the aftermath of the war against Pyrrhos of Epiros until the Roman destruction of Carthage at the end of the Third Punic War.

At the start of the period, Carthage ruled a commercial empire in North Africa, Sicily, Sardinia, Corsica and southern Spain. After losing Sicily, Sardinia and Corsica to the Romans in and after the First Punic War, the Carthaginians concentrated on expanding their empire in Spain under the command of Hannibal's father Hamilcar Barca. After Hamilcar's death in 228 BC, his sonin-law Hasdrubal the Fair took command. He, however, was assassinated in 221 BC, following which Hannibal became command-in-chief. His siege and capture of Saguntum, a Roman ally in Spain, in 219 BC triggered the start of the Second Punic War.

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GENERAL HANNIBAL (247 TO C.183 BC)

Carthaginian commander-in-chief and in large part instigator of the Second Punic War against Rome, Hannibal is famed as one of the greatest generals of all time. His march across the Alps in 218 BC to bring the war to the Romans at home is justly hailed as one of the outstanding feats of military history, though most of his elephants were so out of condition after the trek that they died after the Battle of Trebbia. He won victory after victory over the Roman armies whenever they were foolish enough to engage him in battle, the most famous being that of Cannae in 216 BC, but he never succeeded in capturing Rome itself. Eventually the Romans learned to avoid open battle and merely contain Hannibal in southern Italy. Meanwhile their armies conquered the

Carthaginian possessions in Spain. Eventually they landed in North Africa and threatened Carthage itself. Hannibal was recalled, but was defeated by Scipio Africanus at the Battle of Zama in 202 BC. He died in exile circa 183 BC – committing suicide rather than be handed over to the Romans.

WAR ELEPHANTS

Used by the Hellenistic kingdoms, the Carthaginians and even the Romans, war elephants were a major feature of warfare in this period. They were feared by all troops, but were particularly effective against cavalry whose horses they terrified. As well as being hard to obtain and expensive to maintain, they were something of a risky weapon. Notable successes include defeating the Roman cavalry at Heraclea (280 BC), routing the Galatian cavalry and chariots at "the Elephant Victory" (273 BC), trampling the Roman legions at Bagradas (255 BC) and breaking the Macedonian left wing at Kynoskephalai (197 BC) and Pydna (168 BC). Notable disasters include panicking and disrupting their own cavalry at Zama (202 BC) and their own phalanx at Magnesia (190 BC).

THE END OF CARTHAGE

After defeat in the Second Punic War, Carthage lost all its possessions outside modern Tunisia, was forced to pay enormous reparations, and effectively reduced to the status of a Roman vassal. In 149 BC the Romans, using an unsuccessful punitive action by Carthage against Numidian raiders as a INTRODUCTION MID-REPUBLICA ROMAN

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Hannibal



LATER CARTHAGINIAN



pretext, declared war on Carthage again, starting the 3rd Punic War. In 146 BC, Carthage itself was taken, following which the surviving citizens were sold into slavery, the city was razed to the ground and the surrounding fields sowed with salt.

African Veteran

LA	TER C	ARTHAGINIAN STARTER ARMY
Commander-in-Chief	1	Inspired Commander (Hannibal)
Sub-commanders	2	2 x Troop Commander
Gallic cavalry	1 BG	4 bases of cavalry: Superior, Protected, Undrilled Cavalry – Light Spear, Swordsmen
Spanish cavalry	1 BG	4 bases of cavalry: Superior, Protected, Undrilled Cavalry – Light Spear, Swordsmen
Numidian cavalry	2 BGs	Each comprising 4 bases of light horse: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Horse – Javelins, Light Spear
Elephants	1 BG	2 bases of elephants: Average Elephants.
African spearmen	2 BGs	Each comprising 6 bases of spearmen: Average, Protected, Drilled Heavy Foot – Offensive Spearmen
Gallic warriors	1 BG	8 bases of warriors: Average, Protected, Undrilled Heavy Foot – Impact Foot, Swordsmen
Spanish scutarii	1 BG	6 bases of scutarii: Average, Protected, Undrilled Medium Foot - Impact Foot, Swordsmen
Numidian javelinmen	I BG	6 bases of javelinmen: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Foot – Javelins, Light Spear
Balearic slingers	1 BG	6 bases of slingers: Superior, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Foot - Sling
Camp	1	Unfortified camp
Total	11 BGs	Camp, 18 mounted bases, 38 foot bases, 3 commanders

BUILDING A CUSTOMISED LIST USING OUR ARMY POINTS

Choose an army based on the maxima and minima in the list below. The following special instructions apply to this army:

- Commanders should be depicted as Libyphoenician cavalry.
- Hannibal must be an Inspired Commander.

- Only Bruttian and Lucanian allies can be used together.
- From 200 BC, none of the following can be used: Spanish, Gallic, Celtiberian, Balearic, Ligurian, Campanian, Bruttian or Lucanian troops, Elephants nor any allies.
- Emergency levies cannot be used in mainland Italy.

GALLIC PYRRHIC LATER CARTHAGINIAN ILLIVIEAN ANCIENT SPANISH LATER MACEDONIAN ATTALID PERGAMENE NOMEDIAN OR EARLY MOORISH LATER SELSUCE LATER SELSUCE LATER SELSUCE PONTC SPARTNCIES SLAFF RECOT EARLY SELSUCE PONTC SPARTNCIES SLAFF RECOT EARLY SELSUCE ATTER SENSE RECOTORISA

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	Troop name		Type	The second second second	10	1 martine	THE PARTY OF THE P		1000000000		- Contraction	
Calle or Spanish cavelry Galle or Spanish readingCavelry ProtectedSuperior SuperiorUndrilledI.Light Spear, Swordsmen1640-1Cavelry CavelryProtectedSuperiorUndrilledIavelnsLight Spear, Swordsmen124-660-12Nimidian usparse CavelryLight SpearLight Spear74-660-12African usparse Spanish preventerHeavy FootProtectedAverageUndrilledJavelinsLight Spear46-880-18Spanish preventer Spanish preventerLight FootUnprotectedAverageUndrilledJavelinsLight Spear46-880-12Spanish preventer Spanish preventerLight FootUnprotectedSuperiorUndrilledJavelinsLight Spear76-880-12Spanish preventer Spanish preventerLight SpearLight Spear76-880-12Spanish preventer Spanish preventerMedium FootProtectedSuperiorDrilled1Inspace Foot, Swordsmen76-880-12Spanish preventer Spanish preventerMedium FootProtectedAverageDrilled1Inspace Foot, Swordsmen76-880-12Spanish preventer Spanish preventerMedium FootProtectedAverageDrilled1Light Spear140-4Spanish preventer terreterMedium FootProtectedAverageDrilled1Light Spear16 <td></td> <td></td> <td>Type</td> <td>Annour</td> <td>and the second s</td> <td></td> <td>Shooting</td> <td>Close Combat</td> <td>per base</td> <td>per BG</td> <td>bases</td>			Type	Annour	and the second s		Shooting	Close Combat	per base	per BG	bases	
Gallic or Spanish cavalry CavalryIntensityProtectedSuperiorUndrilledI.SwordsmenI.6I.4 <th< td=""><td>ALC: NO CONTRACTOR</td><td>The second second</td><td></td><td></td><td>Con</td><td>roops</td><td></td><td>And the second second</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>	ALC: NO CONTRACTOR	The second second			Con	roops		And the second second				
CoolaryCroalryProtectedSuperiorUndrilledI. Light Spezi124-60-12Numidian coalryLight HorsUnprotectedAverageUndrilledJavelinsLight Spezi74-66-12African spezimeHeavy FootProtectedAverageDrilledJavelinsLight Spezi74-66-18Minidian, Libyn, NoothLight FootUnprotectedAverageDrilledJavelinsLight Spezi46-86-16Spanish javelinmenLight FootUnprotectedAverageDrilledJavelinsLight Spezi46-86-16Spanish javelinmenMedium FootProtectedAverageDrilledJavelinsLight Spezi76-86-16Spanish javelinmenLight FootUnprotectedSuperiorUndrilledSinge	Gallic or Spar	iish cavalry	Cavalry	Armoured	Superior	Undrilled		Swordsmen	16	4	181 24 194	
caralryLight HonsUmprotectedAverageUndrilledJaelinsLight Spear74-66-12African spearmenHeavy FootProtectedAverageDrilled1Offensive Spearmen86-86-18Numidun, Libyan, Mooribi Spanish meternary scutalMedium FootProtectedAverageUndrilled DrilledLight Spear46-86-16Spanish inercenary scutalMedium FootProtectedAverageUndrilled DrilledImpact Foot, Swordsmen76-80-12Balaric silngerLight FootUnprotectedSuperiorUndrilledImpact Foot, Swordsmen76-80-12Balaric silngerLight FootUnprotectedSuperiorDrilled5Italys Spear, Swordsmen76-80-6Spanish inercenaryCavalryArmouredSuperiorDrilled1Italys Spear, Swordsmen76-80-6Spanish inercenaryCavalryArmouredSuperiorDrilled1Light Spear, Swordsmen76-80-6Spanish inercenaryMedium FootProtectedAverageDrilled1Light Spear, Swordsmen76-80-6Spanish inercenaryMedium FootProtectedProtectedProtectedDrilled1Impact Foot, Swordsmen86-80-12Salle footAll Haavy Poot or all Poot or ellaw Foot, Poot or ellaw Foot or havy FootProtectedAverageDrilled <td>61</td> <td></td> <td>Cavalry</td> <td>Protected</td> <td>Superior</td> <td>Undrilled</td> <td></td> <td>and the second se</td> <td>12</td> <td>4-6</td> <td></td>	61		Cavalry	Protected	Superior	Undrilled		and the second se	12	4-6		
Numidia, Libyan, Moorka or Spanish javelinmenLight Foot Light SpanUnprotected AverageAverage Undrilled DilledJavelinmen JavelinmenLight Span A46-86-16Spanish javelinmenMedium Foot Light SpanProtected AverageAverage Undrilled Undrilled Undrilled Undrilled SingsImpart Foot, Swordsmen76-80-12Balearie slingersLight Foot Undrilled UndrilledUndrilled SingsImpart Foot, Swordsmen76-80-6Balearie slingersLight Span Medium FootArmoured ProtectedSuperiorDrilled-Light Span Swordsmen1740-4Aberi foot veriesMedium Foot Medium FootProtectedAverage ProtectedDrilled-Light Span Swordsmen176-80-8Salit foot recearing periodMedium Foot Medium FootProtectedProte ProtectedDrilled-Light Span Swordsmen76-80-40Salit foot recearing politesAll Heavy Medium FootProtectedAverageDrilled-Impart Foot, Swordsmen78-120-24Treek politesObjector TraeyAll Heavy Medium FootProtectedAverageDrilled-Impart Foot, Swordsmen78-6-80-16Treek politesObjector TraeyProtectedAverageDrilled-Impart Foot, Swordsmen78-6-80-16Treek politesObject	Numidian or cavalry	Spanish light	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	7	4~6	6-12	
or Spanish parelinnen legit Poor verage Undrilled Javelins Light Spar 4 6-8 6-16 $Pore Pore Pore Pore Pore 4 Pore Pore Pore Pore Pore Pore Pore Pore$	and the set of the			Protected	Average	Drilled		and the second se	8	68	6-18	
paninan meteenary senara Medium root Protected Average Drilled Sings			Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	4	68	6-16	
Image: second	Spanish merce	enary scutarii	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Transformation	Car	and the second se	7	6.0	0.17	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c } \hline \mbox{line} \m$	D.L.			Contraction of the		LI CATEORICE		Swordsmen	8	0-0	0-12	
Lipphoenician cavalryCavalryArmouredSuperiorDrilledI. Light Spear, Swordsmen1740-4Abeni footMedium FootProtectedAverageDrilledILight Spear, Swordsmen76-80-8Abeni footMedium FootProtectedPoorDrilledILight Spear, Swordsmen56-80-40Abeni footMedium FootProtectedPoorDrilledImpact Foot, 	Balearie slinge	ETS	Light Foot	Unprotected		A DESCRIPTION OF THE OWNER	Slings	1	5	4-6	0-6	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $				Contraction of the second	Option	al Troops				and the second se		
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evies Medium Foot Protected Poor Drilled - Swordsmen 5 6-8 0-40 Sallic foot All Heavy Foot all Medium Foot Protected Average Undrilled Impact Foot, 235 Pearmen 235 235 Protected Average Drilled - Offensive 235 Pearmen 8 6-8 0-16 Freek Only Before 235 Medium Foot Protected Average Drilled - Offensive Spearmen 8 6-8 0-16 Freek Only Before 235 Medium Foot r Heavy Foot Protected Average Drilled Impact Foot, 235 Pearmen 8 8 4-6 0-6 Protected Average Drilled Impact Foot, 235 Pearmen 8 8 4-6 0-6 Protected Average Drilled Impact Foot, 235 Pearmen 8 8 4-6 0-6 Protected Average Drilled Impact Foot, 235 Pearmen 8 8 4-6 0-6 Protected Average Impact Peort Protected Impact Foot, 235 Pearmen 8 8 4-6 0-6 Protected Average Impact Peort Protected Impact Foot, 235 8 6-8 0-12 Protected Average Impact Peort Protected Impact Foot, 235 8 6-8 0-12 Ampanian bruttian or Medium Foot Protected Average Impact Peort Protected Impact Foot, 235 9 0-10 Impact Foot, 235 9 0-10 Protected Average Impact Peort Protected Impact Foot, 25 0-6-8 0-12 Ampanian bruttian or Medium Foot Protected Average Impact Peort Protected Peor Peor Peor Peor Peor Peor Peor Peor	Poeni foot		Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled			7	6-8	0-8	
Salic footFoot or all Medium FootProtectedAverageUndrilledImpact Foot, Swordsmen78-120-24Greek nercenary ophiesOnly before 235Heavy FootProtectedAverageDrilled-Offensive Spearmen86-80-16Greek nercenary before 235Only before 235Medium Foot or Heavy FootProtectedAverageDrilled-Offensive Spearmen86-80-16Greek nercenary before 235Only before 235Medium Foot or Heavy FootProtectedAverageDrilled-Offensive Spearmen84-60-6Ouly inercenary to 201Heavy Foot to 201ProtectedAverage ProtectedUndrilled-Impact Foot, Spearmen76-80-12Augustan Foot to 201Heavy Foot to 201ProtectedAverage ProtectedUndrilled-Impact Foot, Spearmen76-80-12Ampanian Futtian Ort to 201Medium Foot to 201Protected PoorAverage PoorDrilled-Light Spear Swordsmen76-80-12Ampanian Bruttian Ort tenarian Bruttian OrtMedium Foot 	Poeni or other 	r emergency	a statistical and the state	Protected	Poor	Drilled			5	6-8	0-40	
nercenary oplitesbelor 235Heavy FootProtectedAverageDrilled-Offensive Spearmen86-80-16Greek 	Gallic foot		Foot or all	Protected	Average	Undrilled		and the second se	7	8-12	0-24	
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$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Greek mercenary thureophoroi	before		Protected	Average	Drilled			8	4-6	0—6	
igurian footMedium FootProtectedAverageUndrilled-Light Spear56-80-12ampanian hoplitesHeavy FootProtectedAverageDrilled-Offensive868680-12ampanian, Bruttian or ucanian javelinmenMedium FootProtectedAverage PoorDrilled-Coffensive Spearmen8680-12ampanian, Bruttian or ucanian javelinmenMedium FootProtectedAverage PoorDrilledI.ight Spear, Swordsuben7680-8alephantsElephants-AverageUndrilled2520-6olt-shootersFleavy Artillery-AverageDrilledHeavy Artillery20220-2ortified camp-I0240-1umidian alliesImmorial Far: Greek, Persian and Macedonian Wars	Celtiberian nercenary	from 235	Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	A CONTRACTOR OF A	-	THE REPORT OF THE REPORT OF THE	Section States	68	0-8	
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Antrianian Induities Protected Protected Drilled Interface Spearmen 6 68 ampanian, Bruttian or ucanian javelinmen Medium Foot Protected Poor Drilled - Spearmen 6 68 08 lephants Elephants - Average Drilled - Swordsmen 5 68 0-6 olt-shooters Elephants - Average Undrilled - - 20 2 0-2 ortified camp Image Image Drilled Image Image 24 0-1			rencuraria POOC	runerted	and a	Undrilled		and the second second	HA 16 1 1	6-8	0-12	
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Iephants Elephants - Average Undrilled - 2.5 2.0 0-6 olt-shooters Heavy Artillery - Average Drilled Heavy Artillery 2.0 2.0 0-2 ortified camp Image Image Drilled Heavy Artillery 2.0 2.0 0-2 ortified camp Image Image Image Image Image Image Image Image umidian allies Image Image Image Image Image Image Image Image			Medium Foot	Protected		Drilled				68		
olt-shooters Heavy Artillery Average Drilled Heavy Artillery 20 2 0-2 ortified camp Image Image Drilled Heavy Artillery 20 2 0-2 umidian allies Image Image Image Image Image Image Image umidian allies Image Image Image Image Image Image Image	lephants	In the second	Elephants	and the second		Undrilled		A THE ADDITION		-	- Miller	
anish allies	olt-shooters						110.00					
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umidian allies ciliot Greek allies (Only before 235 BC) – See Field of Companion 3: Immortal Fire: Greek, Persian and Macedonian Wars. panish allies	(Ingel) alleger	ne presujicien in	The second	Wallactores	AN	ins		Trading Horses into		atter content	0-1	
ciliot Greek allies (Only before 235 BC) – See Field of Companion 3: Immortal Fire: Greek, Persian and Macedonian Wars. panish allies	lumidian allie	8			- The	and a state of the	STORIE SALES		and a start			
panish allies	the subscription of the second second		fore 235 B(*) 5	ee Field of Com	manion 7.1	and the second	the second second			11230 33	Sec. St.	
		mes found be	ore 200 pc) - 5	se ried of Con	ipanion 3: li	mmortai Fire: Gr	eek, Persian ana	i Macedonian Wars.	See and			
THUMALI ALLIUS - SEC SEC FICHI OI & OMDATION S' IMMORIAL RIPS Creek Decian and Mission Trice	and the second se	Con Con Fr	14-66-	2.2.	-				Part in			
and the second second particle of the second s	racusan allies	- See See Fie	ld of Companior	3: Immortal Fire:	Greek, Persian	and Macedonian	Wars.	N. S. Martin				

LATER CARTHAGINIAN

			Special C	impaigns					
Hannibal in mainland Italy	216 BC to 203 I	BC				and the second			
Jpgrade African spearmen o veterans with captured Roman equipment	Heavy Foot	Armoured	Superior	Drilled		Offensive Spearmen	13	6-8	All
Upgrade Gallic foot to	All Heavy Foot or all Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled	-	Impact Foot, Swordsmen	8	68	All
	Medium coor	Armoured	Average			a second second	10		
Ipgrade Campanian		Protected	Average			Impact Foot,	8	4-8	All
javelinmen and hoplites	Heavy Foot	Armoured	Poor	Drilled		Swordsmen	8		
to Roman style foot	A Strift Intellig	Protected	Poor				6		1111
	ALL CONTRACTOR	Protected	FOOT		Arge and	A CONTRACTOR OF AN	Constant States of		
Bruttian allies		Protected	FOOL				C. Martin	The second	ale vien
Bruttian allies Lucanian allies		Protected	FOOT						
Lucanian allies Campanian allies – Late Ca	npanian								
Lucanian allies Campanian allies – Late Ca	mpanian itted: Artillery, mc			ian scutarii, ur	adrilled Sp	anish scutarii, Syra	cusan, Nu	midian or Sp	anish all
Lucanian allies Campanian allies – Late Ca	itted: Artillery, mo			jan scutarii, ur	ndrilled Sp	1	cusan, Nu	midian or Sp	anish alli
Lucanian allies Campanian allies – Late Cai The following are not perm	itted: Artillery, mo			ian scutarii, ur Drilled	ndrilled Sp	anish scutarii, Syra Offensive Spearmén	cusan, Nu 13	midian or Sp 6-8	anish alli 6–8
Lucanian allies Campanian allies — Late Cau The following are not perm Hannibal in Africa 202 BC Upgrade African veteran	atted: Artillery, mo	ore than 2 eleph	ants, Celtiber		ndrilled Sp -	Offensive			

BRUTTIAN OR LUCANIAN ALLIES

with javelins and swords.

The Bruttii and Lucani were Oscan peoples living in the far south-west of Italy. Their foot fought The commander should be depicted as cavalry.

Allied commander	The second second	Fjeld	Commander/	Troop Command	ler	Statistics	40/25 Points	ANS NO	
	The second second	Troop	Гуре	Section 1999	Сара	abilities		Bases	Total
Troop name	Туре	Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting	Close Combat	per base	per BG	bases
Cavalry	Cavalry	Protected	Average	Undrilled	-	Light Spear, Swordsmen	9	4	0-4
Javelinmen	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled	•	Light Spear, Swordsmen	7	6-8	6-24
Skirmishers	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	4	6-8	0-8

LATE CAMPANIAN ALLIES

The Campani were an Oscan people who took over the Greek and Etruscan cities south of Latium in south-western Italy in the late 5th century BC. They were heavily influenced by Greek culture, fielding armies including both hoplites and Oscan-style javelinmen. This allied list only covers the period of the Second Punic War, however, by which time they had probably adopted Roman military equipment and organization.

The commander should be depicted as cavalry.Hastati & Principes:Triarii:Skimishers quality

must either be Average:Superior:Average, Average:Average:Average, Poor:Average:Poor or Poor:Poor:Poor.

LATE REPUBLICAN ROMAN

GALLIC

LATER CARTHAGIN

ANCIENT SPANISH LATER MACEDONIA ATTALID PERGAME NUMIDIAN OR EAR

LATER SELFICID

EARTACUS ELEVE

EARLY ARAIENDAN PARTHERN

LATER (EWIER

THE LISTS

APPENDIX 2 - TH TOURNAMEN

Allied commander		LATE Field	Commander/	Troop Command	ler		40/25	1.20	1
Troop name		Тгоор	Туре		Capi	abilities	Points	Bases	Total
rroop name	Туре	Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting	Close Combat	per base	per BG	bases
			C. C. Carrier	Undrilled		Light Spear,	12		
Cavalry	Cavalry	Protected	Superior	Drilled		Swordsmen	13	4-6	0-6
Hastati & Principes		Protected	Average	Drilled		Impact Foot,	8	4-8	0.04
riastati & rrincipes	Heavy Foot	Protected	Poor	Drifted		Swordsmen	6	4-8	824
			Superior		1912		10	-	1 per 4
Triarii	Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled		Offensive Spearmen	8	2-4	Hastati I
			Poor			spearing	6		Principe
Skirmishers	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Testa Course	4		
akirmisner8	right boot	ouprotected	Poor	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	2	4-8	0-8

ILLYRIAN

Illyria occupied the area east of the Adriatic Sea and north-west of Greece. The Illyrian tribes were fond of raiding by land and sea for slaves and loot. Unlike most ancient peoples they

armed their slaves, who fought alongside them in battle. This list covers Illyrian armies from the later 4th century BC until the beginning of the 1st century AD. Prior to this period they had used mainly skirmishing tactics, but now they fought in formed bodies of spearmen. Rome fought a series of wars against the Illyrians from 229 BC onwards, the last tribes being subjugated in 9 AD.

Slinger

	II	LLYRIAN STARTER ARMY
Commander-in-Chief	1	Field Commander
Sub-commanders	2	2 x Troop Commander
Cavalry	1 BG	6 bases of light horse: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Horse – Javelins, Light Spear
Warriors	6 BGs	Each comprising 8 bases of warriors: Average, Protected, Undrilled Medium Foot – Offensive Spearmen
Javelinmen	2 BGs	Each comprising 6 bases of javelinmen: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Foot – Javelins, Light Spear
Archers	1 BG	6 bases of archers: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Foot - Bow
Slingers	1 BG	6 bases of slingers: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Foot – Sling
Camp	1	Unfortified camp
Total	11 BGs	Camp, 6 mounted bases, 72 foot bases, 3 commanders

ILLYRIAN

BUILDING A CUSTOMISED LIST USING OUR ARMY POINTS

Choose an army based on the maxima and minima in the list below. The following special instructions apply to this army:

· Commanders should be depicted as cavalry.

PAIONIAN ALLIES

The Paionian tribes, north of Macedon, used mainly skirmishing tactics.

 The commander should be depicted as cavalry or warriors.

Contraction of			Territory	Types: Hilly, V	Woodlands, M	lountains			Stand I	1010
C-in-C		Inspired Comma	nder/Field C	ommander/Tr	oop Commar	ıder	80/50/35	1		
Sub-	La Maria I	International State	- Martin Carl	50	C	⊢ 2				
commanders	Ellegeler -	The second second	and the second second	35	C)—3				
-	Enterine and	abilities	Points	Bases	Tota	1				
Troop name	Туре	Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting	Close Combat	per base	per BG	base	\$
			A REAL PROPERTY.	Core Tr	oops					
Cavalry	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	7	4-6	0-6	
Warriors	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	-	Offensive Spearmen	7	68	32-14	44
Javelinmen	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelīns	Light Spear	4	68	6-1	6
Internation	as septembers			Optional	Troops		Internet			
Archers	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow		5	6-8	0-12	0-1
Slingers	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Sling		4	68	0-12	-11
	A REAL		and the basis	Allie	cs			and the second	ARCHER	
Paionian allies						Contraction of the second		60		
				Special Car	mpaigns				matine	

Offensive

6-8

7

0-8

hoplites Protected Average Ontrined Spearmen

Average

Syracusan allies - See Field of Glory Companion 3: Immortal Fire: Greek, Persian, and Macedoniun Wars.

Protected

Illyrians

equipped as

Heavy Foot

The second		12 10 10	PAIO	NIAN	ALLIE	lS			
Allied commander		Field	Commander	/Troop Comn	nander	and the series	40/25		L
		Troop T	lype	The second	Car	abilities	Points	Bases	Total
Troop name	Туре	Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting	Close Combat	per base	per BG	bases
Cavalry	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	7	4	0-4
A CONTRACTOR OF	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	4	6-8	
Warriors	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled		Light Spear	5	6—8	12-36
Slingers	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Sling		4	Tue 4 6 10	0-4
Archers	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow	The second second	S	4	
	Light Foot	Unprotected	Pour	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	2	6-8	
Levies	Medium Foot	Protected	Poor	Undrilled		Light Spear	3	68	0-12

Undrilled

INTRODUCTION MID-REPUBLICAN ROMAN LATE REPUBLICAN ROMAN GALLIC PYRRHIC LATER CARTHAGINE ILLYRIAN ANCIENT SPANISH LATER MACEDONIA

LATER SELEVICID LATER PTOLEMAIC PONTIC SPARTACUS SUBE SEVERT BAREY ARMENICAL FAREY ARMENICAL FAREY ARMENICAL FAREY ARMENICAL LATER (FAREE BOSPORIAL

THE LISTS

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ANCIENT SPANISH

This list covers the tribes of the Iberian peninsula from the mid-3rd century BC until the last rebellions were crushed by the Romans at the end of the 1st century BC. There were three main tribal groupings – Iberians, Lusitanians and Celtiberians.

SPANISH SCUTARII & CAETRATI

Called scutarii by the Romans because of their large oval shield (scutum), Spanish (Iberian) foot were much sought after as mercenaries or allies by the Carthaginians and Romans. Armed with heavy javelins and sword, their charge was fierce and hard to resist. They were undisciplined when victorious but resolute in defeat, often making desperate suicidal charges or even committing mass suicide rather than surrender when besieged. They were famous for their mobility over the craggy wooded hills of Spain. They were fond of ambushes and all forms of guerrilla warfare – the Roman pacification of Spain was a long and painful process. Their skirmishers were called *caetrati* by the Romans after their smaller round shield (*caetra*).

Celtiberian scutarii vere similarly equipped to Iberians, but less adept in rough and broken terrain. Lusitanian foot were all caetrati rather than scutarii, but a proportion at least were equipped for close combat, some even wearing mail.

Lusitanian

	1	BERIAN STARTER ARMY
Commander-in-Chief	1	Field Commander
Sub-commanders	2	2 x Troop Commander
Large shield cavalry	1 BG	4 bases of cavalry: Superior, Protected, Undrilled Cavalry – Light Spear, Swordsmen
Small shield cavalry	2 BGs	Each comprising 4 bases of light horse: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Horse – Javelins, Light Spear
Celtiberian mercenary scutarii	2 BGs	Each comprising 8 bases of Celtiberian scutarii: Average, Protected, Undrilled Heavy Foot – Impact Foot, Swordsmen
Iberian scutarii	3 BGs	Each comprising 8 bases of Iberian scutarii: Average, Protected, Undrilled Medium Foot – Impact Foot, Swordsmen
Caetrati	2 BGs	Each comprising 8 bases of javelinmen: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Foot – Javelins, Light Spear
Slingers	1 BG	8 bases of slingers: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Foot - Sling
Camp	1	Unfortified camp
Total	11 BGs	Camp, 12 mounted bases, 64 foot bases, 3 commanders

ANCIENT SPANISH



Hispanic Warriors, 2nd century BC, by Angus McBride. Taken from Men-at-Arms 180: Rome's Enemies (4) Spanish Armies.

BUILDING A CUSTOMISED LIST USING OUR ARMY POINTS

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Choose an army based on the maxima and minima in the list below. The following special instructions apply to this army:

- Commanders should be depicted as large shield cavalry.
- Unless the C-in-C is of the same origin, troops only permitted to a certain origin can only be fielded under the command

of an allied commander of that origin. A Spanish allied commander's contingent

must conform to the Ancient Spanish allies list below, but the troops in the contingent are deducted from the minima and maxima in the main list.

Scutarius



AND-BEPURLICAN ROMAN LATE REPUBLICAN ROMAN GALLIC PYRRHIC LATER CARTHAGUNI/ ILLYRIAN ANCIENT SPANISH LATER MACEDONIAN ATTALLO PERGAMEN NUMIDIAN OR EARI MOORISH LATER SELEUCID LATER PTOLEMAIC PONTIC SPARTACUS SLAVE REVOLT FARLY ARGENISM INTER PROSE

> KORKAN KARANDIK I - USI MELISIS

APPENDIX 1 - THE TOURNAMENT

AND THE MARKED BE	States at succession	Maria Provincia	the standing of the stand of the stand	ENT SP			and a design of the local division of the lo		
C-in-C	and the second s	Inspired Comm		Commander/Tro	and the second se	der	80/60/25		
Sub-commanders			and the second se	r/Troop Comma		luci	80/50/35	Witter Plane	1
Spanish allied		States and the second sec					50/35	0	2
commanders		Field	t Commander	r/Troop Comma	inder		40/25	0	-2
Troop name		Troop	Туре	The second second	Сар	abilities	Points	Bases	Total
	Туре	Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting	Close Combat	per base	per BG	bases
				Core Troops	R. H.		in allowed	Alexander	C. DEPRES
Large shield cavalry	Cavalry	Protected	Superior	Undrilled		Light Spear, Swordsmen	12	46	0-6
Small shield cavalry	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	7	46	0-12
Caetrati	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	4	6-8	12-11
Iberians only							Weine of Eller Barry		and the same
Scutarii	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	-	Impact Foot, Swordsmen	7	6-12	24-96
Lusitanians only				and the second		test register	Section of	-	-
Heavy caetrati	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	Sine Per	Impact Foot, Swordsmen	7	6-12	16-48
Celtiberians only			e The sector	alter and			Contraction of the second	C HILLING	HERE BELLE
Scutarii	Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled		Impact Foot, Swordsmen	7	6-12	28-120
				Optional Troop	5	and which the second		The second	
Slingers	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Sling		4	6-8	0-12
Iberians or Lusitania	ns only		Contraction of the		COLUMN TO A		Constant de	191-40 (2.20)	STORES IN
Mercenary Celtiberians	Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	-	Impact Foot, Swordsmen	7	6-12	0-24
			S	pecial Campaign	ns	AND STREET	MARINE CONTRACT	The state	-
Sertorius's Lusitaniar			Succession of	North Street	and the second				
Upgrade Sertorius to		nander						In the second second	1
Upgrade large shield cavalry to	Cavalry	Protected	Superior	Drilled	1	Light Spear, Swordsmen	13	4	Any
Upgrade heavy caetratri to	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled		Impact Foot, Swordsmen	8	4-6	Any
Legionaries	Heavy Foot	Armoured	Superior	Drilled		Impact Foot, Skilled Swordsmen	14	48	0—8

		ANC	IENT :	SPANISI	H ALLI	ES			
Allied commander				/Troop Comma			40/25		
Troop name		Тгоор	Туре		Capabilities		Points	Bases	Total
aless des la sue se	Туре	Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting	Close Combat	Contraction of the second	per BG	bases
Small shield cavalry	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	7	4	0-4
Caetrati	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	4	6-8	6-24
Iberians only									* (8-10-
Scutarii	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	-	Impact Foot, Swordsmen	7	6-12	6-24
Lusitanians only		Stand Land	All and a strength	No. Los Anton	and the second	Supervised and		2	LOPPACE A
Heavy caetrati	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	-	Impact Foot, Swordsmen	7	6-12	6-12
Celtiberians only	222.20							Sanda Santa	Participation of
Scutarii	Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	-	Impact Foot, Swordsmen	7	6-12	8-32

ANCIENT SPANISH

N.F.

Iberian Warriors, 2nd century BC, by Angus McBride. Taken from Men-at-Arms 180: Rome's Enemies (4) Spanish Armies. ROMAN LATE REPUBLICAN ROMAN GALLIC PYRRHIC LATER CARTHAGINIAI ILLYRIAN ANCIENT SPANISH LATER MACEDONIAN ATTALID PERGAMENE NUMIDIAN OR EARLI MOJORISH LATER SELEUCID LATER SELEUCID LATER SELEUCID LATER SELEUCID LATER PTOLEMARC PONTIC SPARTACUS SLAVE REVOLT EARLY ARMENIAN PARTHIAN LATER, JEWISH ROCEOR AM

> APPENDIX 1 - USING THE LISTS APPENDIX 2 - THEMEI

LATER MACEDONIAN



Alexander the Great, Macedon, north of Greece, was one of the three main kingdoms into which Alexander's empire was divided after the initial round of civil wars between his successors. (The others were the Seleucid kingdom in the east, and the Ptolemaic kingdom in Egypt). This list covers the armies of the Kingdom of Macedon from about 260 BC. Until the advent of Rome, the Kingdom of Macedon was the dominant force in Greece. Between 215 and 148 BC, Macedon fought a series of wars against the expanding Roman Republic. After the fourth Macedonian war, in 148 BC, Macedon was annexed by Rome.

Cretan Archer

LAT	ER MA	CEDONIAN STARTER ARMY
Commander-in-Chief	1	Field Commander
Sub-commanders	2	2 x Troop Commander
Macedonian & Thessalian cavalry	2 BGs	Each comprising 4 bases of cavalry: Superior, Armoured, Drilled Cavalry – Light Spear, Swordsmen
Illyrian cavalry	1 BG	4 bases of light horse: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Horse Javelins, Light Spear
Agema	1 BG	8 bases of Agema pikemen: Superior, Protected, Drilled Heavy Foot Pikemen
Chalkaspides and Leukaspides	2 BGs	Each comprising 8 bases of pikemen: Average, Protected, Drilled Heavy Foot – Pikemen
Thureophoroi	1 BG	6 bases of thureophoroi: Average, Protected, Drilled Medium Foot – Offensive Spearmen
Illyrian foot	1 BG	6 bases of Illyrian foot: Average, Protected, Undrilled Medium Foot Offensive Spearmen
Javelinmen	I BG	6 bases of javelinmen: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Foot – Javelins, Light Spear
Cretan archers	I BG	6 bases of archers: Superior, Unprotected, Drilled Light Foot - Bow
Camp ·	1	Unfortified camp
Total	10 BGs	Camp, 12 mounted bases, 48 foot bases, 3 commanders

BUILDING A CUSTOMISED LIST USING OUR ARMY POINTS

Choose an army based on the maxima and minima in the list below. The following special instructions apply to this army:

- Commanders should be depicted as heavy cavalry.
- Thureophoroi and thorakitai can be graded as Medium Foot or Heavy Foot, but all of both types must be graded the same.

LATER MACEDONIAN

		and the second of the second of the second of the second s	Contraction of the local division of the loc		al, Developed, I roop Command	and the second s				26115
C-in-C	80/50/35 50	1								
Sub-commanders		Field Commander								
		35	03							
Troop name		Troop T	уре	Capab	oilities	Points	Bases	Total		
rroop name	Туре	Armour Quality Training			Shooting	Shooting Close Combat		per BG	bases	
State of the second				Core Troo	ops					
Macedonian, Greek or	C 1	Armoured	Superior	Drilled	Person	Light Spear, Swordsmen	17	4-6	4-12	
Thessalian heavy cavalry	Cavalry	Artitoureu -	Average	Diffied			13			4-12
Thracian or			Superior			Light Spear,	16	4-6	0-6	
Galatian heavy cavalry	Cavalry	Armoured	Average	Undrilled		Swordsmen	12	4-0	0-6	
lllyrian, Thracian or Greek light cavalry	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	7	4-6	06	
Agema and "peltasts"	Heavy Foot	Protected	Superior	Drilled	x	Pikemen	8	8-12	8-24	
Chalkaspides and Leukaspides	Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled	-	Pikemen	6	8-12	1256	
Thureophoroi	All Medium Foot or all Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled	1-0	Offensive Spearmen	8	6-8	6-18	
Javelinmen	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Drilled or Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	4	6-8	0-16	6-2
Cretans	Light Foot	Unprotected	Superior	Drilled	Bow		6	6-8	0-12	IN IN
	and a subscription			Optional T	roops					
Upgrade thureophoroi to thorakitai	Medium Foot or Heavy Foot	Armoured	Average	Drilled	-	Offensive Spearmen	10	6-8	0-8	
Illyrians	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	2	Offensive Spearmen	7	6-8	0-16	
Thracians	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	-	Heavy weapon	7	6-8		
		A second second	Superior	and the second second		Impact Foot,	9	C P	0-8	
Galatians	Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	-	Swordsmen	7	6-8		
Bolt-shooters	Heavy artillery	-	Average	Drilled	Heavy Artillery		20	2	0	-2
Fortified camp	10. State 11 2		1		EE N	NOT SHOULD BE	24	CHERRY I	0	-1

Achaian allies - Hellenistic Greek - See Field of Glory Companion 3: Immortal Fire: Greek, Persian and Macedonian Wars

INTRODUCTION

ROMAN LATE REPUBLICAN ROMAN GALLC PYRRHIC LATER CARTHAGINIAN ILLYRIAN ANCIENT SPANISH LATER MACEDONIAN ATTALID PERGAMENE

NUMIDIAN OR EARLY MOORISH ATER SELEUICID ATER PTOLEMAIC ONTIC PARTACUS SELWE REVOLT PARLY ARMENIAN PARTHIAN LATER JEWISH BOSPORAN APPENDIX 1 – USING

APPENDIX 2 - THESE TOURNAMENTS

ATTALID PERGAMENE

The Attalid dynasty began with Philetaeros (son of Attalos), Lysimachos' governor of the great city of Pergamon in western Asia Minor. He switched sides to Seleukos in 282 BC. His nephew and successor, Eumenes I, declared independence in 262 BC. This list covers Pergamene armies from that date. Pergamon was allied with Rome against Macedon in the First, Second and Third Macedonian wars, and against the Seleucid kingdom in the Syrian war. After the Roman and Pergamene victory over the Seleucids at Magnesia in 190 BC, Eumenes II was granted all the Seleucid territories west of the Taurus. The

kingdom was bequeathed to Rome by Attalos III on his death in 133 BC. His illegitimate half brother, Aristonikos, rebelled but was suppressed by 129 BC.

Galatian Cavalry

AT	TALID P	ERGAMENE STARTER ARMY
Commander-in-Chief	1	Field Commander
Sub-commanders	2	2 x Troop Commander
Xystophoroi	1 BG	4 bases of xystophoroi: Superior, Armoured, Drilled Cavalry – Lancers Swordsmen
Galatian cavalry	1 BG	4 bases of Galatian cavalry: Superior, Armoured, Undrilled Cavalry – Light Spear, Swordsmen
Light cavalry	1 BG	4 bases of light horse: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Horse – Javelins, Light Spear
Thureophoroi	3 BGs	Each comprising 6 bases of thureophoroi: Average, Protected, Drilled Medium Foot – Offensive Spearmen
Galatian foot	2 BGs	Each comprising 6 bases of Galatian foot: Superior, Protected, Undrilled Heavy Foot – Impact Foot, Swordsmen
Cretan archers	1 BG	6 bases of Cretan archers: Superior, Unprotected, Drilled Light Foot Bow
Trallian slingers	1 BG	8 bases of Trallian slingers: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Foot - Sling
Camp	1	Unfortified camp
Total	10 BGs	Camp, 12 mounted bases, 44 foot bases, 3 commanders

ATTALID PERGAMENE

BUILDING A CUSTOMISED LIST USING OUR ARMY POINTS

Choose an army based on the maxima and minima in the list below. The following special instructions apply to this army:

- Commanders should be depicted as xystophoroi.
- Thureophoroi can be graded as Medium Foot or Heavy Foot, but all must be graded the same.

	en elemente de la	Territo	80/50/35	1					
-in-C	Inspired Commander/Field Commander/Troop Commander Field Commander							0-2	
ub-commanders			35	0-3					
			Points	Bases	Total				
roop name		Тгоор Туре			Capabilities Shooting Close Combat		per base	per BG	bases
toop man	Туре	Armour	r Quality training mooning		EU GOUSSION		- TELEVISION		
			Participation of the second se	re Troops			17		
(ystophoroi	Cavalry	Armoured	Superior	Drilled	-	Lancers, Swordsmen	13	4-6	4-8
tystophoror	caran y		Average		No.	A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL	a callwayers	- Niene	
Galatian cavalry	Cavalry	Armoured	Superior	Undrilled		Light Spear, Swordsmen	16	4	0-4
Light cavalry	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	7	4-6	0-6
Thureophoroi	All Medium Foot or all Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled	-	Offensive Spearmen	8	6-8	12-48
	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Drilled	Javelins	Light Spear	4	6-8	
Traditional peltasts	Light Foot	Unprotected	Superior	Drilled	Bow	Content 1	6	6-8	6-12
Cretan archers	A Merce	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Sling		4	6-8	6-8
Trallian slingers	Light Foot	Unprotected		ional Troops	STREET, BO		a shares		
		ANTIN COMPLEX		COLUMN A COLUMN		Offensive			
Citizen militia	Medium Foot or Heavy Foot	Protected	Poor	Drilled	-	Spearmen	6	6-8	0-12
	Ficary FOOT		Superior		-	Impact Foot, Swordsmen	9	6-12	0-16
Galatian foot	Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled			7	a bailing	
A. C. Starting	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	1000	Light Spear	5	6-8	0-36
Mysian or other javelinmen	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	.4	6-8	
Cataphracts Only	Carlow	Heavily Armoured	Average	Drilled	-	Lancers, Swordsmen	16	4	0-4
after		Protected	Average	Drilled	-	Pikemen	6	8-12	0-1
Phalangites 190	BC Elephants	-	Average	Undrilled		N FEELEN	2.5	2	0-2
Elephants Bolt shooters or	Heavy Artillery		Average	Drilled	Heavy Artillery	-	20	2	0-4
stone throwers	Artifiery		1.000		To search		24	T ARELING	0-1
Fortified camp		1000	Chinese and the	Allies	TOHAN THE REAL	all some of	Real Provide P	A PARTY OF	

Kappadokian allies

Special Campaigns

Only Attalos I in 218 BC

Galatian allies - see Field of Glory Companion 3: Importal For Casis, Person and Macedonian Wars

GALLIC PYRRHIC LATER CARTHAGINIAN ILLYRIAN ANCIENT SPANISH LATER MACEDONIAN ATTALID PERGAMENE NUMIDIAN OR EARLY MOORISH LATER SELEUCID LATER SELEUCID LATER SELEUCID LATER PTOLEMAIC PONTIC SPAREACUS SLAVE REVOLT EARLY ARMENIAN PARTHIAN LATER JEWISH BOSPORAN APPENDIX 1 – USING THE LISTS
ATTALID PERGAMENE ALLIES Allied commander Field Commander/Troop Commander 40/25 1 Troop Type Capabilities Points Bases Total Troop name Type Armour Quality Training per base per BG Close Combat bases Shooting Superior 17 Lancers, Xystophoroi Cavalry Armoured Drilled 4 4 Swordsmen Average 13 Light Spear, Galatian cavalry Cavalry Armoured Superior Undrilled 16 4 Swordsmen 0-4 Light cavalry Light Horse Unprotected Average Undrilled Javelins Light Spear 7 4 All Medium Offensive Thureophoroi Foot or all Protected Average Drilled 8 4-8 Spearmen Heavy Foot 4-12 Traditional peltasts Light Foot Unprotected Drilled Average Javelins Light Spear 4 4-8 Cretan archers Light Foot Unprotected Drilled Superior Bow 6 0-4 4 Trallian slingers Light Foot Unprotected Average Undrilled Sling 4 4 0-4

RISE OF ROME

KAPPADOKIAN ALLIES

The small kingdom of Kappadokia in eastern Asia Minor existed from 330 BC to 17 AD, with a brief occupation by Alexander's successors from 322 to 301 BC. It sometimes provided allied contingents to the surrounding states.

The commander should be depicted as cavalry.

Allied commander		Field (Commander/	Troop Comma	under		40/25	1		
Troop name	The second	Troop T	ype	All second	Cap	abilities	Points	Bases	Total	
	Туре	Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting	Close Combat	per base	per BG	bases	
Cavalry	Cavalry	Armoured	Superior	Undrilled	-	Light Spear, Swordsmen	16	46	46	
Light cavalry	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	7	4-6	4-6	
Javelinmen	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	1	Light Spear	5	6-8	6-18	
Archers	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow	Call States	5	4-8		
rucilers	Medium Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow	1111 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 1	5	4-8	4-8	

NUMIDIAN OR EARLY MOORISH

The ancient Numidians and Moors were seminomadic Berber tribes living in North West Africa. The Numidian kingdom was west of Carthage and the Moorish kingdom beyond that. This list covers Numidian and early Moorish armies from the late 3rd century BC to the early 1st century AD.

Numidian and Moorish cavalry and foot fought mainly as javelin skirmishers, in which role they were expert, harassing the enemy with javelins but using superior speed and agility to evade their charges. The Carthaginians made much use of Numidian cavalry and foot during the Punic Wars against Rome. At the Battle of Cannae in 216 BC, the Numidian cavalry on the Carthaginian right wing skirmished with the opposing Roman cavalry and kept them out of the battle long

NUMIDIAN OR EARLY MOORISH



Numidian Warrior, by Richard Hook. Taken from Men-at-Arms 121: Armies of the Carthaginian Wars 261 – 146 BC.

enough for the Spanish and Gallic cavalry on the Carthaginian left to be able to defeat the Roman cavalry facing them, ride round the Roman rear, and attack the cavalry of the other Roman wing before falling on the rear of the Roman infantry. They were fond of ambushes and other tricks, and made excellent use of terrain. They were at their best in pursuit of fleeing enemy, but when put to flight themselves would flee for two or three days before risking stopping.

as

Under the influence of the Romans, various attempts were made to develop drilled close

fighting foot. King Juba I of Numidia was allied to the Pompeian side in the Roman Civil War. Bogud (Bogus) of Mauretania was allied to Caesar.

Numidian Cavalry INTRODUCTION MID-REPUBLICA ROMAN

GALLIC PYRRHIC LATEB CARTHAG ILLYRIAN ANCIENT SPANIS LATER MACEDOR

NUMIDIAN OR MOORISH

LATER PTOLEM PONTIC SPARTACUS SLR SEPORT EARLY ARAGINI MATHERN LATER (EPISTH BOSPORAN APPENDEN 1 - 1

PEDERS 2-1 TOURS REAL

	NUM	IDIAN STARTER ARMY
Commander-in-Chief	1	Field Commander (Juba I)
Sub-commanders	2	2 x Troop Commander
Gallic & Spanish bodyguard	1 BG	4 bases of Gallic and Spanish cavalry: Superior, Protected, Undrilled Cavalry – Light Spear, Swordsmen
Cavalry	3 BGs	Each comprising 6 bases of Numidian cavalry: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Horse – Javelins, Light Spear
Javelinmen	2 BGs	Each comprising 8 bases of Numidian foot javelinmen: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Foot – Javelins, Light Spear
Imitation legionaries	4 BGs	Each comprising 6 bases of imitation legionaries: Average, Protected, Drilled Heavy Foot – Impact Foot, Swordsmen
Elephants	1 BG	2 bases of elephants: Average, Undrilled Elephants
Camp	1	Unfortified camp
Total	11 BGs	Camp, 24 mounted bases, 40 foot bases, 3 commanders

BUILDING A CUSTOMISED LIST USING OUR ARMY POINTS

instructions apply to this army:

Choose an army based on the maxima and minima in the list below. The following special

 Commanders should be depicted as cavalry or Gallic & Spanish bodyguard.

C-in-C	an industry of the	and the second second			ricultural, Hill				in ferral	
C-In-C	- Standard		inspired Comm	ander/Field (Commander/T	roop Comma	nder	80/50/35		1
Sub-comma	iders		and and the	and the second second	50	0	-2			
			A A A A	Troop C	ommander		States and the	35	3)-3
Troop name			Troop	Турс	The second second	Car	abilities	Points	The second second	
		Туре	Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting	Close Combat	per base	Bases per BG	Tota
All and a second				Con	Troops			the section of	A COMPANY OF COMPANY	Carely .
Cavalry		Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	7	4-6	16-7
Javelinmen		Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	4	6-8	N. Sector
Sector Contraction		New York and the	and the second second	Option	al Troops		- Que - I can	THE PARTY	00	16-9
Archers		Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow		5		Stelling of
Slingers		Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Sling		4	6-8	0-12
Elephants		Elephants	14 1.5	Average	Undrilled			25	6-8	
Close fighting	foot	Medium Foot	there are a	Average	The survey of				2	0-4
armine advantage	1001	Mediam Pool	Protected	Poor	Drilled		Light Spear	6	6-8	
Imitation	Only from	Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled	Impact Foot,		* 8		0-24
Legionaries	55 BC	and a second	America	Poor	Drilled		Swordsmen	6	4-8	
				Special O	Campaigns			Sales and	Constanting of	athing .
Juba I from 5	5 BC to 46 BC									
Gallic & Spanish bodyguard		Cavalry	Protected	Superior	Undrilled	-	Light Spear, Swordsmen	12	4	0-4
Bogus in 47 B	C		State of the second			STOR MUSIC		the states of the		
panish foot		Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	-	Impact Foot, Swordsmen	7	6-8	0-8
uba II from 3	AD to 6 AD	in the second	A CONTRACTOR	State of the		THE R. L. LOW	and an and a second sec	-		CIL SA

LATER SELEUCID

Allied comma	nder		Field C	ommander/	Troop Comma	nder		40/25		1 Marsh
Troop name			Troop Ty	pe	Manager and	Cap	abilities	Points	Bases	Total
		Туре	Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting	Close Combat	per base	per BG	bases
Cavalry		Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	7	4-6	4-18
Javelinmen		Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	4	4-8	4-24
		14 H	Burnel	Average	Drilled	m. 1	Light Spear	6	6-8	0-12
Close fighting	loot	Medium Foot	Protected	Poor	Drued		. Light spear	4		
Imitation	Only from	A. March	Protected	Average	Drilled		Impact Foot,	8	4-8	
Legionaries	egionaries 55 BC	Heavy Foot	Protected	Poor	- Lirmed	The state	Swordsmen 6			
Elephants		Elephants		Average	Undrilled	-	Land State	25	2	0-2

LATER SELEUCID

The Seleucid Kingdom was the largest in land area of the Hellenistic Successor kingdoms that formed after the death of Alexander the Great. At its height it stretched from the eastern shores of the Aegean Sea to India. This list covers Seleucid armies from 205 BC. At this stage, the kingdom still reached from western Asia Minor to India, but had lost Bactria in the north-east to local Greek rebels. About this time, the Seleucid cavalry were upgraded to fully armoured cataphracts –

> probably following Antiochos III's eastern campaigns against the Graeco-Bactrian kingdom. In 192 BC, he invaded Greece, but was defeated by the Romans at Thermopylae in 191 BC and again at Magnesia in Asia Minor in 190 BC. Following these defeats, the kingdom lost most of Asia Minor. Soon

> > after, the Parthians,

Armoured Elephant

under King Mithridates I (170–138 BC), took over most of the eastern Seleucid provinces, leaving only Syria and Mesopotamia. Constant civil wars took further toll, and in 63 BC, the Romans deposed the last Seleucid princes and made the remnants of the kingdom into a Roman province.

SCYTHED CHARIOTS AT MAGNESIA

Bristling with razor-sharp blades, scythed chariots were designed to strike fear into the hearts of the enemy. When successful, their effect could be devastating. Appian describes the result of a Pontic scythed chariot charge at the Battle of the River Amnias in 88 BC: "The scythed chariots were driven at great speed against the Bithynians, cutting some of them in two instantaneously, and tearing others to pieces. The army of Nicomedes was terrified at seeing men cut in halves and still breathing, or mangled in fragments, or hanging on the scythes. Overcome rather by the hideousness of the spectacle than by loss of the fight, fear disordered their ranks."

However, scythed chariots were fairly easy to counter with light foot archers, slingers and javelinmen, who could shoot at the horses while ROMAN LATE REPUBLICAN ROMAN GALLIC PYRREIC LATER CARTHAGINIAU ILLYRIAN ANCIENT SPANISH LATER MACEDONIAN AYTALID PERGAMENE NUMIDIAN OR EARCH MOORISH LATER SPLEUCID LATER SPLEUCID LATER SPLEUCID LATER SPLEUCID LATER PTOLEMAIC PONTIC SPARTACUS SLAVE REVOLT EARLY ARMENIAN PARTHIAN LATER JEWISH

APPENDIX 1 - THESE TOURNAMENTS

dodging out of the way of the chariots. This happened at the Battle of Magnesia. The Seleucid chariot horses, maddened by their wounds, stampeded through their own cataphracts and camelry. The Pergamene cavalry (allied to the Romans) following closely behind were able to sweep away the Seleucid wing and threaten the

flank of the phalanx. Unable to safely advance, the phalanx had to stand under a hail of missiles from the Roman foot until the elephants in the intervals between the phalanx blocks panicked and broke up the phalanx, completing the Seleucid defeat.

	LATER S	SELEUCID STARTER ARMY
Commander-in-Chief	1	Troop Commander
Sub-commanders	2	2 x Troop Commander
Cataphracts	2 BGs	Each comprising 4 bases of cataphracts: Superior, Heavily Armoured, Drilled Cataphracts – Lancers, Swordsmen
Horse archers	1 BG	4 bases of horse archers: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Horse - Bow
Elephants	1 BG	2 bases of elephants: Average Elephants
Argyraspides	1 BG	8 bases of Argyraspides pikemen: Superior, Protected, Drilled Heavy Foot – Pikemen
Phalanx	2 BGs	Each comprising 8 bases of pikemen: Average, Protected, Drilled Heavy Foot – Pikemen
Thureophoroi	1 BG	6 bases of thureophoroi: Average, Protected, Drilled Medium Foot – Offensive Spearmen
Archers	1 BG	8 bases of archers: Poor, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Foot - Bow
Slingers	1 BG	8 bases of slingers: Poor, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Foot - Sling
Camp	1	Unfortified camp
Total	10 BGs	Camp, 14 mounted bases, 46 foot bases, 3 commanders

BUILDING A CUSTOMISED LIST USING OUR ARMY POINTS

Choose an army based on the maxima and minima in the list below. The following special instructions apply to this army:

- Commanders should be depicted as Companions or Agema.
- Only one allied contingent can be used.
- Aitolians cannot be used with post-166 BC options.
- Elymaian, Parthian or Jewish allies cannot be used with pre-166 BC options.
- Thureophoroi and thorakitai can be graded as Medium Foot or Heavy Foot, but all of both types must be graded the same.

LATER SELEUCID

LATER SELEUCID

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-in-C		Inspi	red Commande					80/50/35	A DESCRIPTION OF	1	
с-ш-с.				Field Com				50		0-2	
ub-commande	ers			Troop Com	mander			35	a line	03	
			Troop Ty		The present	Capa	bilities	Points	Bases	Total	
froop name	Net and	Туре	Quality	Training	Armour	Shooting	Close Combat	per base	per BG	bases	
Witten	augestices	-16-			eTroops	Philippin	State and	State 12	- Singela		
and the second second	Contraction of the						Lancers,	20	2-4	0-4	
Companions		Cavalry	Armoured	Elite	Drilled	-	Swordsmen	20		4-12	
Agema or othe	r		Heavily	Superior	Drilled		Lancers,	20	4-6	4-12	
ataphracts		Cataphracts	Armoured	Average	Drined		Swordsmen	16			
	Before 166 BC	Heavy Foot	Protected	Superior	Drilled	-	Pikemen	8	8-12	0-16	
		Heavy Foot	Protected	Superior	Drilled		Pikemen	8	8	0-8	
Argyraspides	From 166 BC	Heavy Foot	Armoured	Superior	Drilled	-	Impact Foot, Skilled Swordsmen	14	4-8	08	
Phalanx		Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled	Thu that	Pikemen	6	8-12	8-32	
Thureophoroi		Medium Foot or Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled		Offensive Spearmen	8	4-6	0-6	
Thorakitai		Medium Foot or Heavy Foot	Armoured	Average	Drilled	-	Offensive Spearmen	10	4-6		
				Average	The Lotter of	Bour		5	6-8	0-16	
Archers		Light Foot	Unprotected	Poor	Undrilled	Bow	E and the	3			
				Average	Undrilled	Bow		5	6-8	0-16 6-1	
Archers	Archers Mediu		Unprotected	Poor	Undrined	buw	Can a	3		1000	
Slingers				Average	The duilled	Sling		4	6-8	0-16	
		Light Foot	Unprotected	Poor	Undrilled	Sing		2			
		St. Star office	(internet the second	Opti	onal Troops				Mar Colores	in the	
Skythian caval	гу	Light Horse or Cavalry	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow	Swordsmen	10	4	0-4	
Other horse a	rchers	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow	-	8	4	12.282	
Cretan archer	5	Light Foot	Unprotected	Superior	Drilled	Bow		6	4-6	06	
Javelinmen	New St	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled or Drilled	Javelins	Light Spear	4	68	08	
Hillmen	-	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	-	Light Spear	5	4-6	0-6	
Thracians	-	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled		Heavy Weapon	n 7	4-6	-	
Tarantine cava	dry	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Drilled	Javelins	Light Spear	7	4-6	0-6	
Civic militia		Light Horse	Unprotected	Poor	Drilled	Javelins	Light Spear	5	4-6		
	Only before	Elephants	-	Average	Undrilled	-	-	25	2	0-4	
Scythed chari	124 BC ots	Scythed Chariots	-	Average	Undrilled	-	-	15	24	0-4	
Galatian cava	ry	Cavalry	Armoured	Superior	Undrilled	-	Light Spear, Swordsmen		4	04	
Galatian foot		Heavy Foot	Protected	Superior Average	Undrilled	-	Impact Foot, Swordsmen		46	0-6	
Amb camalau		Camelry	Unprotected	Poor	Undrilled	Bow	Swordsmen	10	4	0-4	
Arab cameles	Civic militia Only from		Protected	Poor	Drilled	-	Offensive Spearmen	6	6-8	0-16	
	from	Foot or all	- Colleansa	and the second se			and the second se	the second s	and the second se	and the second second second	
Civic militia thureophoroi	from 166 BC	Heavy Foot	Lindens	Prot	Undrilled	-	E E E E E E	2	8-12	0-12	
Civic militia	from 166 BC	CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR OF A DESCRIPTION OF A DESCRIPANTE A DESCRIPANTE A DESCRIPANTE A DESCRIPTION OF A	Unprotected	Poor Average	Undrilled	- Heavy Artillery	-	2	8-12	0-12 0-2	

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	Allies	
Aitolian allies - Hellenistic Greek - See Field of Gl	ory Companion 3: Immerial Fire: Greek, Persian and Macedonian Wars	
Elymaian allies		And the second second
ewish allies - Later Jewish		
Parthian (rebel) allies		and the second has

LATER PTOLEMAIC

The Ptolemaic kingdom in Egypt was one of the three major Hellenistic kingdoms into which Alexander the Great's empire was divided after the initial wars of his successors. (The others being Macedon, north of Greece, and the Seleucid kingdom in the east). As well as Egypt, the early Ptolemies used their substantial fleet to control much of the eastern Mediterranean coast. By 166 BC, when this list starts, their territories had been reduced to Egypt and Cyprus. About this time, a reorganisation of the army has been postulated in which infantry drilled in Roman legionary tactics were introduced. The list ends with the annexation of the kingdom by Rome in 30 BC after the defeat and death of Marcus Antonius and Cleopatra.

CLEOPATRA VII (69 - 30 BC)

Cleopatra VII was the last Ptolemaic ruler of Egypt, at various times as co-ruler with her father Ptolemy XII Auletes (until 51 BC), and her brothers/husbands Ptolemy XIII (from 51–47 BC) and Ptolemy XIV (from 47–44 BC). The Macedonian Ptolemaic dynasty, descended from Alexander the Great's general Ptolemy, continued the Pharaonic Egyptian tradition of brother-sister marriages. From 48 BC Cleopatra was in a state of civil war with her 14-year-old brother/husband Ptolemy XIII. This coincided with the defeat of

Pompey by Julius Caesar in the Roman civil war. Pompey fled to Egypt, but was murdered by Ptolemy in the hope of gaining Caesar's good will. Caesar, however, sided with Cleopatra, restored her to power, and became her lover. Ptolemy was drowned while crossing the Nile. Cleopatra then married her 12-year-old younger brother Ptolemy XIV as co-ruler, though she retained the real power and continued her liaison with Caesar. She bore him a son, his only known male issue, known popularly as Caesarion (little Caesar). In 44 BC, after the death of Ptolemy XIV - probably poisoned by Cleopatra - Caesarion was appointed co-ruler at the age of 3 as Ptolemy XV Philopator Philometor Caesar. After Caesar's assassination, Cleopatra became the lover of Marcus Antonius (Mark Anthony) and bore him three children. When he fell out with Octavian, Caesar's heir, Cleopatra supported him in the ensuing civil war. Their fleet was defeated at Actium in 31 BC. They fled back to Egypt, where they committed suicide in 30 BC. Caesarion was captured by Octavian and murdered as a threat to his claim to be Julius Caesar's sole heir. Egypt became a Roman province. Despite the legend of Cleopatra's great beauty, Cleopatra's coins indicate that she was, in fact, rather plain. Contemporary writers admire her intelligence, charisma and seductive voice, but tactfully omit mention of her looks.

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LA	TER PT	OLEMAIC STARTER ARMY
Commander-in-Chief	1	Field Commander
Sub-commanders	2	2 x Troop Commander
Xystophoroi	2 BGs	Each comprising 4 bases of xystophoroi: Average, Armoured, Drilled Cavalry – Lancers, Swordsmen
Light cavalry	1 BG	4 bases of light horse: Average, Unprotected, Drilled Light Horse – Javelins, Light Spear
Macedonian phalangites	3 BGs	Each comprising 8 bases of phalangites: Average, Protected, Drilled Heavy Foot – Pikemen
Romanised infantry	2 BGs	Each comprising 6 bases of Romanised infantry: Average, Armoured, Drilled Heavy Foot – Impact Foot, Swordsmen
Elephants	1 BG	2 bases of elephants: Average, Undrilled Elephants
Slingers	1 BG	8 bases of slingers: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Foot - Sling
Camp	1	Unfortified camp
Total	10 BGs	Camp, 14 mounted bases, 44 foot bases, 3 commanders

BUILDING A CUSTOMISED LIST USING OUR ARMY POINTS

Choose an army based on the maxima and minima in the list below. The following special instructions apply to this army:

- Commanders should be depicted as xystophoroi.
- Thureophoroi and thorakitai can be graded as Medium Foot or Heavy Foot, but all of both types must be graded the same.

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SPARTACUS SLAVI REVOLT EARLY ARMENIAN PARTHIAN LATER JEWISH BOSPORAN APPENDIX 1 – US THE LISTS APPENDIX 2 – TH TOURNAMEN

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C-in-C		In	spired Comma	nder/Field	Commander/	Troop Com	nander	80/50/35	F	1	Control of	
Sub-comma	nders			Field C	ommander		The Page Its	50		0-2	-	
				Troop (Commander	1		35	THE C.	0-3		
Troop name			Troop	Туре	J Kard	C	apabilities	Points	Bases	Bases Tota		
	and the second	Туре	Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting	Close Combat	per base	per BG		ases	
		Contraction of		Ale Co	Core Troops	the first state		S. MERCENT		- Call	CERTIFIC STATE	
Xystophoroi		Cavalry	Armoured	Superior	Drillad	-	Lancers, Swordsmen	17	4-6	4	-8	
Light cavalry	Page 1	Light Horse	Unprotected	Contraction of the local division of the loc	to a literate the	Javelins	Light Spear	7	4	0	-4	
Guard Before phalangites 55 BC		Heavy Foot	Protected	Superior	Drilled	1 -	Pikemen	8	8		-8	
Macedonian phalangites	Before 55 BC	Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled	-	Pikemen	6	8-12	24	-48	
Egyptian Before phalangites 55 BC		Heavy Foot	Protected	Poor	Drilled	-	Pikemen	4	8-12	0-	-32	
Phalangites	From	Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled		Tril	6	1000 - 101 111 - 101			
55 BC			restored	Poor	Linued		Pikemen	4	8-12	0-	1.6	
Thureophoroi		All Medium Foot or all Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled	-	Offensive Spearmen	8	68			
Thorakitai		All Medium Foot or all Heavy Foot	Armoured	Average	Drilled	-	Offensive Spearmen	10	6-8	0-12		
Romanised infantry		Heavy Foot	Protected Armoured	Average	Drilled		Impact Foot, Swordsmen	8	4-8			
Archers		Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Drilled	Bow		5	6-8	08		
Slingers	The second second	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Drilled	Sling		4	6-8	0-8	0-1	
Javelinmen		Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	4	6-8	0-8		
	in the second			Opt	ional Troops		Statistics and		Collins.	alles a	105	
Greek mercen	ary cavalry	Cavalry	Armoured	Average	Drilled		Light Spear, Swordsmen	13	4			
Galatian merci	enary cavalry	Cavalry	Armoured	Superior	Undrilled	-	Light Spear, Swordsmen	16	4	0-4		
Nubian merce	nary cavalry	Cavalry	Protected	Average	Undrilled	-	Light Spear, Swordsmen	9	4			
hracians		Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	State State	Heavy weapon	7	4-6	0	6	
alatian foot	Only before 55 BC	Heavy Foot	Protected	Superior Average	Undrilled	E.	Impact Foot, Swordsmen	9	46	0-6		
retan archers		Light Foot	Unprotected	Superior	Drilled	Bow				-		
retan troops		Medium Foot	Protected	Poor	Drilled		Light Spear	6	6-8	0-8	2.14	
rab camelry		Camelry	Unprotected	Poor	Undrilled	Bow	Swordsmen	4	6~8	0	<u> </u>	
ephants	Only before 55 BC	Elephants		Average	Undrilled	-	-	10 25	4	0	ŧ	
oman gionaries	Only from	Heavy Foot	Armoured	Superior	Drilled	-	Impact Foot, Skilled Swordsmen	14	4-8			
	55 BC	Heavy Foot	Armoured	Average	Drilled	-	Impact Foot, Swordsmen	10	48	0—1	2	
lt-shooters		Heavy Artillery	-	Average	Drilled	Heavy Artillery	-	20	2	0-4		
rtified camp	Les - Lager		and the second	HE BUNK	and the second second			24		0-1	-	

PONTIC

PONTIC

This list covers Pontic armies from 110 BC to 47 BC: The reigns of Mithridates the Great (Mithridates VI Eupator) and his son Pharnaces II.

MITHRIDATES VI (THE GREAT) OF PONTUS (132 – 63 BC)

Mithridates the Great of Pontus was one of the expanding Roman empire's most formidable and persistent foes. Starting with the small Kingdom of Pontus on the south coast of the Black Sea, he conquered the Kingdom of Bosporus on the north coast and expanded his borders in Anatolia at the expense of the neighbouring kingdoms. When these called on Rome for help, Mithridates' forces defeated the armies sent against him in 88 BC by the local Roman commander Manius Aquilius and the King of Bithynia, and surged on into Greece where they were welcomed by many cities, including Athens. Manius Aquilius was captured and molten gold



Sarmatian armoured lancer and horse-archer, by Gerry Embleton © Osprey Publishing Ltd. Taken from Men-at-Arms 373: The Sarmatians 600 BC – AD 450.

INTRODUCTION MID-REPUBLICAN ROMAN

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APPENDIX 1 – US THE LISTS

APPENDIX 2 - TH TOURNAMEN

was poured down his throat as a fitting punishment for his notorius greed. This marked the apogee of Mithridates' success. A new Roman army, under the famous general Sulla, was sent to Greece and defeated the Pontic armies. Mithridates sued for peace. He then converted his army from a pike phalanx-based Hellenistic

army to Roman style legions. Over the next 25 years, Mithridates fought two more wars against the Romans, sometimes successful, more often defeated. Never one to give up hope, he ultimately fled to the Bosporus, where he started to raise a new army. This was too much for his long-suffering subjects, however, who finally revolted. Mithridates committed suicide with the help of a loyal soldier's sword – after famously taking antidotes throughout his life, he proved immune to self-administered poison.

After Mithridates' death his son Pharnaces II ruled in Bosporus. Seizing the opportunity presented by the Roman Civil War, he re-invaded Pontus, defeating the local Roman forces. However, when Caesar arrived in 47 BC he swiftly defeated Pharnaces at Zela. So short was the campaign that Caesar uttered his famous dictum "veni, vidi, vici" (I came, I saw, I conquered). Pharnaces fled back to the Bosporus but was soon deposed.

Scythed Chariot

	PO	NTIC STARTER ARMY
Commander-in-Chief	1	Field Commander
Sub-commanders	2	2 x Troop Commander
Pontic heavy cavalry	1 BG	6 bases of cavalry: Superior, Armoured, Undrilled Cavalry – Light Spear, Swordsmen
Pontic light cavalry	1 BG	4 bases of light horse: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Horse – Javelins, Light Spear
Sarmatian cavalry	1 BG	4 bases of Sarmatian cavalry: Superior, Armoured, Undrilled Cavalry – Lancers, Swordsmen
limitation legionaries	3 BGs	Each comprising 6 bases of imitation legionaries: Average, Protected, Drilled Heavy Foot – Impact Foot, Swordsmen
Thureophoroi	1 BG	6 bases of thureophoroi: Average, Protected, Drilled Medium Foot – , Offensive Spearmen
Bastarnae	1 BG	6 bases of Bastarnae: Superior, Unprotected, Undrilled Medium Foot – Heavy Weapon
Javelinmen	1 BG	6 bases of javelinmen: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Foot – Javelins, Light Spear
Archers	1 BG	6 bases of archers: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Foot - Bow
Camp	I	Unfortified camp
Total	10 BGs	Camp, 14 mounted bases, 42 foot bases, 3 commanders

BUILDING A CUSTOMISED LIST USING OUR ARMY POINTS

Choose an army based on the maxima and minima in the list below. The following special instructions apply to this army:

- Commanders should be depicted as heavy cavalry.
- Mithridates cannot be an inspired commander. However, some of the generals to whom he delegated his conquests might qualify.
- Thureophoroi can be graded as Medium Foot or Heavy Foot, but all must be graded the same.

NIP STONE	-	AN POLY CONTRACTOR	Torrito		gricultural,		Hilly				
	and the second	A STATE OF STATE	ed Commander	/Field Com	mander/Tro	on Comma	nder	80/50/35	1	A STATE	
-in-C	1910111	inspir	ed commander	Field Com	and the second se	op	CANCELLA DE LA COMPANY	50	0-2		
ub-comman	lers	No		Troop Com	and a rest		Contract of the local division of the	35	0-	0-3	
menore i	The set	Service Hand Street	Section and the section of	A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR OFTA CONT	manuer	Can	abilities	Points per	Rect State		
Troop name		-	Troop Tyj Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting		base	Bases per BG	Total base	
		Туре	Armour		Core Troops	entry of the		- The group	North Constant		
	States and	CARLEN CARLES	and a state of the		And a state of the state of the		Light Spear,	1	4-6	4-8	
leavy cavalry		Cavalry	Armoured	Superior	Undrilled		Swordsmen	16	1 Contena		
light cavalry		Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	7	4-6	4-8	
	a stand of	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled		Light Spear	5	6-8	6-32	
avelinmen		Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	4 4	6-8	Contraction of the	
THE REAL PROPERTY AND		Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow	No. IN STREET	5	6-8	6-16	
uchers		Medjum Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow	WELLE-MARK	5	68		
Thureophoroi		All Medium Foot or all Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled	-	Offensive Spearmen	8	68	6-18	
	a and the fi	a Su antes		O	prional Troo	ps					
Scythed chariots		Scythed Chariots	+	Average	Undrilled	-		15.	2-4	0-4	
	Only		PROVIDE AT	Average			Pikemen	6	8-12	0-24	
	before 84 BC	Heavy Foot	Protected	Poor	Drilled		Pikenich	4		125	
	Before	Children of the state		Average	Dulled		Impact Foot,	8	4-8	0-8	
Imitation	84 BC	Heavy Foot	Protected	Poor	Drilled	-	Swordsmen	6		- Constant	
Legionaries	From 84 BC	Heavy Foot	Protected	Average Poor	Drilled		Impact Foot, Swordsmen	8	- 48	8-24	
			Armoured		11 A (B) A	TANK AN	Lancers,	16	4-6	CHARTER P	
		Cavalry	Protected	Superior	Undrilled		Swordsmen	12		0-6	
Sarmatian ca	walry	Cavalry	Protected	Superior	Undrilled	Bow*	Light Spear, Swordsmen	14	4-6		
Skythian cay	alry	Light Horse or Cavalry	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow	Swordsmen	10	4-6	0-6	
Thracians		Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled		Heavy weapor	1 7	6-8	0-8	
Bastarnae	ALL OF MA	Medium Foot	Unprotected	Superior	Undrilled	-	Heavy weapor	1 7	6-8	1	
Slingers		Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Sling		4	4-6	0-6	
Galatians		Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	-	Impact Foot, Swordsmen	7	6-8	0-8	
Chalybes		Medium Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	- 1	Defensive Spearmen	5	4-6	0—6	
Field fortifi	cations	Field	TISM	121	11 11 11		Prates	3		0-10	
Fortified ca	mn	A COLORIDORIDORID		1			S March 19	24		0-1	
runned ca	and the second	a destroyautto	the second second	Construction of the local division of the lo	Allies	al manager	al ne sting	PROPERTY.	THE PERSONNEL	ALC: ALC: NO	

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APPENDIX 2 - THE

SPARTACUS SLAVE REVOLT

This list covers the slave armies of the Third Servile War.

In 73 BC, Spartacus was one of 70 gladiators who broke out of the school of Lentulus Batiatus in Capua. The rebels initially used kitchen implements to break out but obtained several carts of gladiatorial equipment during their escape. They then defeated a small force sent to recapture them, taking their arms and armour to add to their arsenal. Over the next few weeks, the rebels moved to a more defensible position on the slopes of Mount Vesuvius and many more escaped slaves swelled their ranks. A larger Roman militia force besieged the slaves but by using vines and ladders some of the slave force made its way down the impassable slopes and attacked the Roman camp from the rear. The resulting battle saw the Romans comprehensively defeated.

The army of Spartacus continued to grow and defeated yet another Roman force under Publius Varinius. By the end of 73 BC, the total size of the slave army was 70,000 men, women and children. In 72 BC, the slaves moved north and their still growing force split into at least two. The smaller portion, led by Crixus. was caught and defeated by a regular Roman army under Lucius Gellins Publicola.

Spartacus, however, was by now rather too near Rome for the comfort of the Senate. Several more hastily raised legions were sent to bar Spartacus' route to Rome while Gellius moved to trap the slave army. Spartacus then split his army, a small force kept the main Roman force busy while he turned on and defeated Gellius before returning with his whole force to defeat the blocking force as well.

At this point Spartacus declined to attack Rome and instead headed back to the south with his total force now numbering 120,000 or more. The following year, with the revolt now recognised as a serious issue, a force of eight legions under Marcus Licinius Crassus was sent after the slaves. The slave army was trapped in the toe of Italy. Crassus sent two of his legions under Mummius to try to get behind Spartacus with orders not to engage. Seeing an opportunity for glory Mummius disobeyed and attacked, only to be defeated. Crassus then attacked with his main force and for the first time the main slave army was beaten with several thousand casualties.

Spartacus then tried to find ways to escape by sea to Sicily but was unable to do so. The slaves retreated towards Rhegium, in the toe of Italy, followed by Crassus whose legions built a line of fortifications across the isthmus to pen the slaves in. With further veteran Roman troops under Pompey approaching, the slaves made a desperate break out but were caught by Crassus' legions and defeated in detail in two further battles. Spartacus is believed to have died fighting. 5,000 fleeing slaves were caught by Pompey and slaughtered, the 6,000 slaves captured by Crassus were crucified along the road between Capua and Rome.

Cavalryman

SPARTACUS SLAVE REVOLT



Slaves sent to become gladiators by Angus McBride © Osprey Publishing Ltd. Taken from Warrior 39: Gladiators 100 BC – AD 200.

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APPENDIX 1 -1

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SL.	AVER	EVOLT STARTER ARMY
Commander-in-Chief	1	Inspired Commander (Spartacus)
Sub-commanders	2	2 x Troop Commander
Cavalry	1 BG	4 bases of cavalry: Average, Protected, Undrilled Cavalry – Light Spear, Swordsmen
Gladiators with captured Roman armour and equipment	I BG	8 bases of gladiators: Superior, Armoured, Undrilled Heavy Foot – Impact Foot, Skilled Swordsmen
Other slaves with captured Roman armour and equipment	2 BGs	Each comprising 6 bases of slaves: Average, Armoured, Undrilled Heavy Foot – Impact Foot, Swordsmen
Other slaves with captured Roman equipment	2 BGs	Each comprising 6 bases of slaves: Average, Protected, Undrilled Heavy Foot – Impact Foot, Swordsmen
Poorly equipped masses	2 BGs	Each comprising 10 bases of slaves: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Mob – Light Spear
Javelinmen	1 BG	8 bases of javelinmen: Poor, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Foot – Javelins, Light Spear
Slingers	1 BG	8 bases of slingers: Poor, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Foot - Sling
Camp	1	Unfortified camp
Total	10 BGs	Camp, 4 mounted bases, 68 foot bases, 3 commanders

BUILDING A CUSTOMISED LIST USING OUR ARMY POINTS

Choose an army based on the maxima and minima in the list below. The following special instructions apply to this army:

- Commanders should be depicted as cavalry or gladiators.
- Slaves equipped with Roman weapons and armour can be graded as Heavy Foot or Medium Foot but must all be graded the same.

	States and States	SPART/ Territory Typ		A DESCRIPTION OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNE	and the second se		Contraction of the local division of the loc	-			
C-in-C		and Wellinson and the state	All Designment of the	TANK TRANSPORT	Summer of Al						
C-III-C	Inspu	ed Commande	and the second		op Comma	nder	80/50/35	BUT LE	1		
Sub-commanders			Field Com	nander			50	0-2			
			Troop Com	mander			35	0-3			
Troop name		Ттоор Ту	pe		Cap	abilities	Points	Bases	-		
rroop name	Type	Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting	Close Combat	per base	per BG	Total base		
	and the second	Service and	G	ore Troops			in the state of th	and the second			
Poorly equipped masses	Mob	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled		Light Spear	4	8-12	20-104		
Slaves equipped with Roman weapons and	All Heavy Foot or All Medium	Protected	Average	Undrilled	-	Impact Foot, Swordsmen	7	68	12-64		
armour	Foot	Armoured	Average	Undrilled	-	Impact Foot, Swordsmen	9	6-8	0-24 20-		
Gladiators	Medium Foot or Heavy Foot	Protected	Superior	Undrilled		Skilled swordsmen	9	4			
Gladiators with captured Roman arms & armour	Heavy Foot	Armoured	Superior	Undrilled	-	Impact Foot, Skilled swordsmen	13	4—8	08		
Javelinmen	Light Foot	Unprotected	Poor	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	2	6-8	6-18		
		and the second	Opt	ional Troops	A REAL PROPERTY.		CHERT -	Service of			
Slingers	Light Foot	Unprotected	Poor	Undrilled	Sling	-	2	6-8	0-8		
Cavalry	Cavalry	Protected	Average	Undrilled	-	Light Spear, Swordsmen	9	4	0-4		
Women, children and old men	Mob	Unprotected	Poor	Undrilled	8 -S	-	2	8-12	0-24		

EARLY ARMENIAN

EARLY ARMENIAN

The mountains of Armenia allowed the kingdom to maintain its independence from the great empires throughout this period. This list covers Armenian armies from the declaration of independence by Ervand (Orontes) II of the House of Ervand in 331 BC until the overthrow of Trdat II by the Sassanids in 252 AD.

TIGRAN THE GREAT (RULED 95 BC - 55BC)

During the reign of Tigran the Great, Armenia filled a power vacuum left by the weakening of the Parthian kingdom by nomad invasions and the collapse of the Seleucids, gaining a short-lived empire including Mesopotamia, Syria and Media-Atropatene. Allied with Mithridates VI of

Pontus, whose daughter, Cleopatra, he married, Tigran allowed Mithridates to seek refuge in Armenia after his defeat by the Romans under Lucullus in 70 BC. The Romans demanded that Mithridates be handed over to them. Tigran refused. The following year Lucullus invaded. He defeated the Armenian army twice, at Tigranocerta and Artaxata, but failed to capture Tigran or Mithridates and was recalled. Mithridates returned to Pontus with 8,000 men. In 66 BC, with a new Roman army under Pompey the Great advancing into Armenia, Tigran capitulated. He was forced to give up his empire, but was allowed to keep his original kingdom, and ruled it as a Roman client until his death in 55 BC at the age of 85.

E	ARLY AI	RMENIAN STARTER ARMY
Commander-in-Chief	1	Field Commander
Sub-commanders	2	2 x Troop Commander
Cataphracts	3 BGs	Each comprising 4 bases of cataphracts: Superior, Heavily Armoured, Undrilled Cataphracts – Lancers, Swordsmen
Horse archers	3 BGs	Each comprising 6 bases of light horse: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Horse – Bow
Javelinmen	2 BGs	Each comprising 6 bases of javelinmen: Average, Protected, Undrilled Medium Foot – Light Spear
Archers	2 BGs	Each comprising 6 bases of archers: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Foot – Bow
Camp	1	Unfortified camp
Total	10 BGs	Camp, 30 mounted bases, 24 foot bases, 3 commanders

EARLY ARMENIAN

BUILDING A CUSTOMISED LIST USING OUR ARMY POINTS

Choose an army based on the maxima and minima in the list below. The following special instructions apply to this army:

- Commanders should be depicted as cataphracts.
- An inspired commander cannot be used in Tigran the Great's reign.

act

Cataphract

			and the second se	Y ARM		and the second se			
			Territory	Types: Agricult	ural, Mountai	ns			
C-in-C		Inspired Comm	ander/Field (Commander/Tr	oop Comman	der	80/50/35		1
Sub-commanders	- 70 S		Field Co	ommander	Start and		50	0-	-2
Sub-continuition is			Troop C	ommander			35	0-	-3
Troop name		Troop	Туре	MARCH PROPERTY	Cap	abilities	Points	Bases	Total
rroop name	Туре	Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting	Close Combat	per base	per BG	bases
				Core Troop	20			The state	- Martin
Cataphracts	Cataphracts	Heavily Armoured	Superior	Undrilled	-	Lancers, Swordsmen	18	4-6	4-18
Horse archers	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow		8	4-6	12-3
Javelinmen	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	-	Light Spear	5	6-8	6-72
Archers	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow	-	5	68	
Archer's	Medium Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow		5	6-8	8-36
				Optional Tro	ops			i ingale	
Slingers	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Sling		4	4-6	0-6
Servants	Mob	Unprotected	Poor	Undrilled	-	-	2	6-8	08
Fortified camp	The second					Seat Print	24		0-1
			1 Privat	Special Campa	igns				
Tigran the Great fr	om 83 BC to 6	9 BC							
Pikemen	Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled		Pikemen	6		
T AKCHIICH	THENY FOR	Froiected	Poor	Drifted		Pikemen	4	8-12	0-12
mitation	Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled		Impact Foot,	8	4-8	0-12
Legionaries	A Contraction		Poor			Swordsmen	6	10	0-12
Arab allies – Early i	and the second second								
Media Atropatene a	and the second se					Sector Sector			and the second
Chosrov I's anti-Sa	ssanid coalition	from 226 AD t	0 228 AD						
Alan allies – see Fi	eld of Glory Co	mpanion 5: Legi	ons Triumphant:	Imperial Rame At V	Var.		100		
Kushan or Parthian	i allies – use Pa	rthian allies list					States and		
Roman allies – Prir	ncipate Roman	- see Field of G	lory Compan	ion 5: Legions Trit	imphant: Imperial	Rome At War.		a the state of the	

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EARLY ARMENIAN



Parthian and Armenian cataphracts, by Angus McBride © Osprey Publishing Ltd. Taken from Men-at-Arms 175: Rome's Enemies (3) Parthians and Sassanid Persians.

Allied commander		Field Commander/Troop Commander									
		Points	Bases	Total							
Troop name	Туре	Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting	Close Combat	per base	per BG	bases		
Cataphracts	Cataphracts	Heavily Armoured	Superior	Undrilled	-	Lancers, Swordsmen	18	46	4-6		
Horse archers	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow	-	8	4-6	4-13		
Javelinmen	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled		Light Spear	5	6-8	018		
The set	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow		5	6-8	0-17		
Archers	Medium Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow		5	6-8	0-12		

INTRODUCTION MID-REPUBLICAN ROMAN LATE REPUBLICAN BOMAN GALLIC PYRRHIC LATER CABTHAGINGA HEYRIAN ANCIENT SPANISH LATER MACIEDONIAN ATTALID PERGAMENT NUMEDIAN OR EARLY MOORISH LATER SELEDICID LATER PTOLEMAIC PONTIC SPARTACUS SLAVE REVOLT EARLY ARMENIAN PARTHIAN

LATER JEWISH BOSPORAN

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APPENDIX 2 - THEMED TOURNAMENTS

PARTHIAN

The Parthian Kingdom at its height covered the whole of modern Iran as well as parts of the surrounding regions. Founded in the pre-existing province of Parthia south-east of the Caspian sea circa 250 BC by the nomadic Parni, the kingdom was ruled by the Arsacid dynasty. Parthia expanded east, south and west, taking over the eastern provinces of the Hellenistic Seleucid Kingdom. Eventually it came into conflict with the expanding Roman empire. The Parthians successfully halted Roman expansion in the east, their combination of light horse archers and heavily armoured cataphracts proving more than a match for the legions. The two empires continued as uneasy neighbours until the Parthian kingdom was overthrown by its Sassanid Persian vassals in 225 AD.

This list covers the Parthian kingdom from its foundation until its overthrow by the Sassanids. It also covers the Suren secessionist state in the east. Adiabene, Edessa, Elymais, Hatra and Media-Atropatene were vassal states.

THE BATTLE OF CARRHAE 53 BC

In this epic battle, approximately 35,000 Romans under Crassus were defeated by 9,000

Parthian horse archers and 1,000 cataphracts under Surena (Rustaham Suren-Pahlav). The outnumbered Roman cavalry were drawn off by the Parthian horse archers and defeated by the cataphracts. The unsupported Roman infantry were then subjected to a constant shower of arrows by the Parthian horse archers. Though well-armoured and protected by large shields, the Romans were unable to take any effective offensive action against the swift horse archers, and began to suffer severely from heat and thirst as well as lucky arrow shots. An attempt to advance against the Parthians achieved nothing. Eventually 20,000 Romans were killed and 10,000 more were later captured. They were relocated as military

settlers in the east of the Greek City Militia Parthian empire. There is a legend that they were later captured by the Han Chinese, and re-settled in China. There have been recent attempts to prove the truth of this legend using genetic testing.

	PART	HIAN STARTER ARMY
Commander-in-Chief	1	Surena (Inspired Commander)
Sub-commanders	2	2 x Troop Commander
Cataphracts	3 BGs	Each comprising 4 bases of cataphracts: Superior, Heavily Armoured, Undrilled Cataphracts – Lancers, Swordsmen
Horse Archers	7 BGs	Each comprising 4 bases of horse archers: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Horse – Bow
Camp	1	Unfortified camp
Total	10 BGs	Camp, 40 mounted bases, 3 commanders



Men-at-Arms 175: Rome's Enemies (3) Parthians and Sassanid Persians.

BUILDING A CUSTOMISED LIST USING OUR ARMY POINTS

Choose an army based on the maxima and minima in the list below. The following special instructions apply to this army:

- Commanders should be depicted as cataphracts.
- Captured Seleucids cannot be used with Armenians or Saka.
- Indo-Parthians cannot have any allies except Saka.

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Particular Contraction			CONTRACTOR OF THE	Types: Agricu	and the set of the set	the state of the second st			
C-in-C	Inst	pired Comman	der/Field C	ommander/'l	roop Comm	nander	80/50/35	1	
Sub-commanders		I I I I	Field Co	mmander		SALE PARTY	50	0-	2
our communication			Troop Co	ommander			35	0-	3
Troop name		Тгоор Тур	æ		C	apabilities	Points per	Bases	Total
rroop name	Туре	Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting	Close combat	base	per BG	bases
in the second second				Core Troop	ps				
Cataphracts	Cataphracts	Heavily Armoured	Superior	Undrilled	-	Lancers, Swordsmen	18	4-6	6-18
Horse archers	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow	-	8	4-6	18-9(
				Optional Tre	oops	AND SALES SALE			
		Contraction of the second	Average	real dial		P.1.1.1	4		
	Light Foot	Unprotected -	Poor	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	2	6-8	0-12
City militia or hill	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow		5	6-8	0-12
tribesmen	Light FOR	is aproved and	Poor	Gildrined	DON		3	.0-0	V-12
	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average Poor	Undrilled	Sling	-	4	6-8	0-12
Greek city militia	All Medium Foot or all Heavy Foot	Protected	Poor	Drilled	-	Offensive Spearmen	6	6-8	08
Hillmen	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	-	Light Spear	5	6-8	0-8
			-	Allies		a long and the second	ALC: NO PARA		
Adiabene, Edessan	or Hatran allies	Deserved and the second se				ADACATION CONTRACTOR DATE		All parties of the state of the	12341
and the second se			1.4.4						
Arab allies - Early				and the second second					
Arab allies – harly / Armenian allies			1 mar 1						
Armenian allies									
Armenian allies Commagene allies									
Armenian allies Commagene allies Elymaian allies									
Armenian allies Commagene allies Elymaian allies Media-Atropatene									
Armenian allies Commagene allies Elymaian allies Media-Atropatene				Special Camp	aiens				
Armenian allies Commagene allies Elymaian allies Media-Atropatene Saka allies	allies			Special Camp	aigns				
Armenian allies Commagene allies Elymaian allies Media-Atropatene Saka allies Only Saka campaig Captured Seleucid	allies m in 129 BC	Protected	Poor	Speciał Camp Drilled	aigns	Pikemen	4	8-12	0-12
Armenian allies Commagene allies Elymaian allies Media-Atropatene Saka allies Only Saka campaig Captured Seleucid pikemen	allies n in 129 BC Heavy Foot	Burn with	Poor		aigns -	Pikemen	4	8-12	0-12
Armenian allies Commagene allies Elymaian allies Media-Atropatene Saka allies Only Saka campaig Captured Seleucid pikemen Only Suren Indo-P	allies n in 129 BC	Burn with	Poor		aigns -	Pikemen	4	8-12	0-12
Armenian allies Commagene allies Elymaian allies Media-Atropatene Saka allies Only Saka campaig Captured Seleucid pikemen Only Suren Indo-P Hill tribe and Arachosian cavalry	allies m in 129 BC Heavy Foot arthian kingdom fr Light Horse	Burn with	Poor 5 AD Average	Drilled	– Javelins	Pikemen Light Spear	7	46	0-6
Armenian allies Commagene allies Elymaian allies Media-Atropatene Saka allies Only Saka campaig Captured Seleucid pikemen Only Suren Indo-P Hill tribe and	allies n in 129 BC Heavy Poot arthian kingdom fr	com 95 BC to 7	Poor 75 AD	Drilled	-				

PARTHIAN

	PAR	THIAN	OR M	IEDIA	ATRO	PATENE	ALLIE	S	
Allied commander		Fie	ld Command	er/Troop Com	mander		40/25		
Troop name	1. TOWNER	Troop	Туре		Сај	pabilities	Points	Bases	Total
rioop name	roop name Type	Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting	Close combat	per base	per BG	bases
Cataphracts	Cataphracts	Heavily Armoured	Superior	Undrilled		Lancers, Swordsmen	18	46	48
Horse archers	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow	Manager-sugar	8	4-6	6-24

Allied comm	nander	THUR BUT	Field C	ommander/1	roop Comma	nder	WARM DOWNER	40/25	Sector 1	in the second
Troop name			Troop T	ype		Cap	abilities	Points	Bases	Total
поор наш		Туре	Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting	Close combat	per base	per BG	bases
Cataphracts		Cataphracts	Heavily Armoured	Superior	Undrilled	-	Lancers, Swordsmen	18	4	
Cataphract camels	Only if Hatran	Camelry	Heavily Armoured	Superior	Undrilled	-	Lancers, Swordsmen	20	4	0-4
Horse arche	rs	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow		8	4-6	4-8
Foot archers	all the second	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow	-	5	6-8	State.
root archers		Medium Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow		5	6-8	6-24
Javelinmen	Chirolan -	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	4	68	
Javenninen		Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	EPE AN 1	Light Spear	5	68	0-8

			ELYM	AIAN	ALLII	ES		aller Steel 1	1
Allied commander	40/25	1							
Troop name		Troop T	Points	Bases	Total				
rioop name	Туре	Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting	Close combat	per base	per BG	bases
Cataphracts	Cataphracts	Heavily Armoured	Superior	Undrilled	54	Lancers, Swordsmen	18	4-6	4-6
Horse archers	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow	100	8	4-6	6-18
Foot archers	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow		5	68	
root archers	Medium Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow	-	5	6-8	0-16

COMMAGENE ALLIES

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Commagene, north east of Cilicia and Syria, was a kingdom in its own right from 162 BC, when the Seleucid governor Ptolemy declared independence, until 72 AD, with brief interruptions during Tigran the Great's short-lived Armenian empire, and a period as a Roman province from 17 AD to 38 AD. After final annexation by Rome in 72 AD, the ruling family retired to Greece.

The commander should be depicted as cataphracts.

LATE REPUBLICAN ROMAN

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COMMAGENE ALLIES Allied Field Commander/Troop Commander 40/25 1 commander Тгоор Туре Capabilities Points Bases Total Troop name Type Armour Quality Training Shooting Close combat per base per BG bases Heavily Lancers, Cataphracts Cataphracts Undrilled Superior 18 4 0-4 Armoured Swordsmen Light Horse Horse archers Unprotected Average Undrilled Bow 8 4-6 4-8 Light Foot Unprotected Average Undrilled Bow 5 6-8 Foot archers 6-24 Medium Foot Unprotected Undrilled Average Bow 5 6-8 Average 6 Pikemen Heavy Foot Protected Drilled Pikemen 8-12 8-12 Poor 4

RISE OF ROME

EARLY ARAB ALLIES

Contingents of Arab tribesmen were often found as allies in the armies of the neighbouring states.

 The commander should be depicted as cavalry or light horse.

1000 - 01	Statement of the statement of the statement	And the second se	- Aller	ARAB	THEFT	10			
Allied commander		Field		40/25	1				
Troop name		Troop	Туре	The second	Сара	bilities	Points	Bases	Total
troop mane	Туре	Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting	Close combat	per base	per BG	bases
	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	7		
Cavalry	avalry Cavalry	Unprotected	Antonio	Undrilled		Light Spear,	8	4-6	0-6
	Cavally	Protected	Average	Ondrined		Swordsmen	9		
Camelry	Camelry	Unprotected	Poor	Undrilled	Bow	Swordsmen	10	4-6	0-8
Foot warriors	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	12	Light Spear, Swordsmen	6	6-8	0-16
Foot archers	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow	-	5		
root archers	Medium Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow		5	4-6	06

LATER SKYTHIAN OR SAKA ALLIES

The nomadic Scyths/Saka occupied much of the steppe from north of the Black Sea to north of

Bactria. They have their own list in our book Field of Glory Companion 4: Immortal Fire: Greek, Macedonian and Persian Wars. This list covers Skythian or Saka allied contingents from 300 BC.

Allied comm	nander		Field (Commander/	Troop Comma	inder		40/25	1	48 260
	1000	Exercised and	Troop T	ype		Cap	abilities	Points	Bases	Total
Troop name	e	Туре	Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting	Close combat	per base	per BG	bases
	Апу	Cavalry	Armoured	Superior	Undrilled		Lancers, Swordsmen	16	4	
Armoured cavalry	Only Saka from 250 BC	Cataphracts	Heavily armoured	Superior	Undrilled		Lancers, Swordsmen	18	4	0-4
Horse arche	rs	Light Horse or Cavalry	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow	Swordsmen	10	4-6	6-18
				Average	Undrilled	Bow	The second second	5	6-8	100
		Light Foot	Unprotected	Poor	Undrilled	DOW	1	3	0.0	0-8
Foot archer	Foot archers		Contraction of the	Average	Undrilled	Bow	a second second second	5	6-8	0-0
		Medium Foot	Unprotected	Poor	Ondrined	DOW	a set the set	3		120.20
A CALL AND A CALL		Ar diam Parts	Destand	Average	Undrilled	The lives	Light Spear	5	6-8	0-8
Foot spearm	nen	Medium Foot	Protected	Poor	Charmed		Lugar of car	3	0-8	0-8

LATER JEWISH

LATER JEWISH

In 167 BC, Mattathias the Hasmonean, a Jewish priest, began a revolt against the Seleucid king Antiochos IV Epiphanes in response to decrees banning Jewish religious practice. His son Judah Maccabee led the Jewish rebels to victory over the Seleucid forces on several occasions, but was killed in the defeat of Elasa in 160 BC. His brothers Jonathan and Simon continued the fight, eventually securing Judaean independence and establishing the Hasmonean dynasty of Priest Kings. Civil wars and Roman intervention resulted in the replacement of the Hasmoneans by the Idumaean Herod the Great, who gained full control by 37 BC. He ruled as a Roman client until his death in 4 BC. The emperor Augustus divided his kingdom between his three sons: Herod Antipas in Galilee, Philip in the Golan heights region; and Herod Archelaus in Judaea (including Samaria and Idumaea). The latter ruled so badly that he was deposed by the Romans in 6 AD at the request of his subjects. Judaea became an autonomous part of the Roman province of Syria.

This list covers Jewish armies from 167 BC to 6 AD.

LATER JEWISH

Emperor Augustus, Caesar's adopted heir. (© R Sheridan/AAA Collection Ltd.)



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THE WAR OF THE SONS OF LIGHT AGAINST THE SONS OF DARKNESS

This is the title of one of the Dead Sea Scrolls, also sometimes called the Rule of War. It describes an ideal army for an apocalyptic war against the unbelievers. The text has an obsession with the number 7, but describes the infantry as equipped with (7 cubit = approx 3 metres) long spear and $(2.5 \times 1.5 \text{ cubits} = \text{approx } 1 \text{ metre } x$ 0.67 metres) oval shield, forming up 7 ranks deep. Allowing for some adjustment to fit the magic number 7, this corresponds to the normal equipment and formation of Hellenistic thureophoroi. Slingers are also mentioned - they are expected to shoot 7 times then retire through the phalanx at a trumpet signal. The text concerning the cavalry is corrupt. There were clearly two types of cavalry, the older men (cavalry of the army) forming up in two large bodies (each of 700 men in 7 ranks) on each flank of the army, the younger (cavalry of the phalanx) in larger numbers but smaller squadrons (200 men) closely supporting the

infantry. The cavalry of the phalanx wear helmet and greaves, carry a round shield and an 8-cubit (3.5 metre) lance. Bow and javelins are also mentioned, but due to the corruption of the text it is not clear which cavalry carry them. It could be that the Rule advocates the cavalry of the army carrying all these weapons, but it would be a reasonable assumption that bow and javelins might represent the (ideal) equipment of the cavalry of the phalanx.



Foot and Cavalry of the Phalanx with Cavalry of the Army

	LATER	JEWISH STARTER ARMY
Commander-in-Chief	1	Field Commander
Sub-commanders	2	2 x Troop Commander
Cavalry of the army	1 BG	4 bases of cavalry: Superior, Armoured, Drilled Cavalry – Lancers, Swordsmen
Cavalry of the phalanx	2 BGs	Each comprising 4 bases of light horse: Average, Unprotected, Drilled Light Horse – Bow, Light Spear
Foot of the Phalanx	5 BGs	Each comprising 6 bases of thureophoroi: Average, Protected, Drilled Medium Foot – Offensive Spearmen
Javelinmen	1 BG	6 bases of javelinmen: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Foot – Javelins, Light Foot
Archers	1 BG	8 bases of archers: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Foot - Bow
Slingers	I BG	8 bases of slingers: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Foot - Sling
Camp	1	Unfortified camp
Total	11 BGs	Camp, 12 mounted bases, 52 foot bases, 3 commanders

BUILDING A CUSTOMISED LIST USING OUR ARMY POINTS

Choose an army based on the maxima and minima in the list below. The following special instructions apply to this army:

- Commanders should be depicted as cavalry of the army or cavalry of the phalanx.
- Non-upgraded foot of the phalanx or thureophoroi can be graded as Medium Foot or Heavy Foot, but all must be graded the same.
- Thracian horse must all be graded the same.
- The minimum marked * only applies if any cavalry other than commanders are used.

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C-in-C	and the second	Inst	pired Command	CONSIGNATION OF STREET	es: Agricultu	and the second second	and a	80/50/35		
			area commun		mmander	rroop com	mander	Contraction of the second	SX. Seen	1
Sub-commande	:15	The second second			ommander		Contraction of the second second	50	0-2	
		A CONTRACTOR OF THE OWNER	Theorem Th	Contraction of the second s	ommander			35	10.80°	0-3
Troop name		Туре	Troop Type				pabilities	Points	Bases	Total
Color Barris	Carl Contractor	Type	Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting	Close Combat	per base	per BG	bases
Cambra of the s				Co	re Troops		-			
Cavalry of the a xystophoroi	rmy or other	Cavalry	Armoured	Superior	Drilled		Lancers, Swordsmen	17	2-4	0→
Cavalry of the p		Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Drilled	Bow	Light Spear	9		- Sellen Stre
other horse arc	hers	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Drilled	Bow	-	8 4-6		0-12
Foot of the phalanx or other thureophoroi		All Medium Foot or all Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled		Offensive Spearmen	8	6-8	*12-72
Upgrade foot of the phalanx to pikemen	Only from 148 BC to 64 BC	Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled	-	Pikemen	6	8-12	024
Upgrade thureophoroi to lmitation Legionaries	Only from 63 BC	Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled	-	Impact Foot, Swordsmen	8	4-8	0-24
Javelinmen		Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	4	6-8	6-32
Archers		Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow	-	S	68	
Archers		Medium Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow		5		6-32
Slingers		Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Sling		4	6-8	6-24
				Optic	onal Troops			THE DECK		
			Protected	Average				5		
Guerillas, hillme	en, bandits or		Unprotected	Average				4		0-72 before
other levies		Medium Foot	Protected	Poor	Undrilled	-	Light Spear	3	6-12	103 BC, 0-12 from
			Unprotected	Poor				2		103 BC
Replace systophoroi or	Only from	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	7		
norse archers with Thracian norse	63 BC	BC	Armoured	Average	Drilled	-	Light Spear, Swordsmen	13	46	0-8
		Medium Foot	Protected		Undrilled			7		
Thracian foot	Only from	acculuit POOE	riocetteg	Average	Drilled		Heavy weapon	8	6-8	
	63 BC	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled	-	Light Spear, Swordsmen	7	6-8	08
ortified camp		A CONTRACTOR					THE PROPERTY OF	24	The link	0-1

INTRODUCTION MID-REPUBLICAN ROMAN

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LATER JEWISH

BOSPORAN

				Allies					
Roman allies (Only fro At War.	m 63 BC) – Late Rep	ublican Roman	or Principa	ate Roman – S	See Field of	Glory Companio	n S: Legions l	Friumphant: Im	perial Rome
			Specia	l Campaigns					
Only Hyrcanus II from	66 BC to 64 BC		in the second						
Nabataean allies	Engel Land						a filment		
Only from 48 BC to 4	7 BC						al and the second	Res alter	
Free of the second	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins -	Light Spear	7		
Arab cavalry	0.11	Unprotected		Undrilled		Light Spear,	8	4-6	0-6
	Cavalry	Protected	Average			Swordsmen	9		
Only Antigonus from	to BC to 38 BC								and the
Parthian allies									

		LA	TER JE		roop Comm			40/25			
Allied commander					coop comm		abilities	Points	Bases	Total	
Troop name			Troop Type		Shooting Close Combat		per base	per BG	bases		
Man Mission		Туре	Armour	Quality	Training	9		ALC:24-14300	I.S.		
Cavalry of the phalanx of	or other	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Drilled	Bow	Light Spear	9	4-6		
horse archers		Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Drilled	Bow	-	8	-		
		Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	7	Danie.	0-6	
	orse Only from 63 BC	Cavalry	Armoured	Average	Drilled	-	Light Spear, Swordsmen	13	4-6		
Foot of the phalanx or other thureophoroi		All Medium Foot or all Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled	-	Offensive Spearmen	8	68	6-18	
Upgrade foot of the phalanx to pikemen	Only from 148 BC to 64 BC	Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled	-	Pikemen	6	8-12	0-17	
Upgrade thureophoroi to Imitation Legionaries	Only from 63 BC	Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled	-	Impact Foot, Swordsmen	8	48	0-13	
Javelinmen	Repart	Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	4	6-8		
South States and		Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow	-	5	6-8	6-1	
Archers		Medium Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow		5	0.0	0-12	
Slingers	Lig		Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Sling	-	4	6-8		

NABATAEAN ALLIES

The Nabataean kingdom in western Arabia became wealthy from trade. Its capital at Petra was (re)built in the latest Hellenistic style in the 1st century BC. The Nabateans fought both on the side of and against the Judaeans at various times, and also supplied client forces to the Romans.

 The commander should be depicted as Cavalry.

BOSPORAN

Allied		Field	40/25	1					
commander		Troop			and there is not a	bilities	Points	Bases	Total bases 0-4 4-8 6-24 0-8 0-8
roop name Cavalry Horse archers	Туре	Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting	Close combat	per base	per BG	Dases
	Cavalry	Armoured	Superior	Drilled	-	Lancers, Swordsmen	17	4	
Cavalry	Cavalry	ry Armoured Superio	Superior	Drilled	- 1	Light Spear, Swordsmen	17	4	
Horse archers	Light Horse	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled or Drilled	Bow	-	8	46	4-8
	and the Provent	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow	Constanting	5	6-8	6-74
Archers	Light Foot Medium Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow		5	6-8	
and the second	Medium Foot	Unprotected	Average	Drilled	Bow	-	6	6-8	0-8
archers to		The second second	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	4	6-8	0-8
Javelinmen	Light Foot Medium Foot	Unprotected Protected	Average	Undrilled		Light Spear	5	68	

BOSPORAN



This list covers the Bosporan kingdom on the north coast of the Black Sea from 348 BC to 375 AD: From Parysadas I until the kingdom fell to the

Thracian Mercenary

Huns. From 108 BC to 63 BC, the Bosporan kingdom was under the rule of viceroys of Mithridates VI of Pontus. After his death, his successors continued to rule there until circa 10 AD. Thereafter it was a Roman client kingdom.

INTRODUCTION MID-REPOBLICAN ROMAN

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LARLY ARMENIA PARTHIAN LATER JEWISH

BOSPORAN

APPENDIX 1 - 0 THE LISTS

TOURNAME

The state of the second second	BOSPO	DRAN STARTER ARMY
Commander-in-Chief	1	Field Commander
Sub-commanders	2	2 x Troop Commander
Lancers	2 BGs	Each comprising 4 bases of lancers: Superior, Armoured, Undrilled Cavalry – Lancers, Swordsmen
Horse archers	2 BGs	Each comprising 6 bases of horse archers: Average, Unprotected,
Greek mercenary hoplites	2 BGs	Each comprising 6 bases of hoplites: Average, Protected, Drilled Heavy Foot - Offensive Spearmen
Thracian mercenaries	2 BGs	Each comprising 6 bases of Thracians: Average, Protected, Undrilled
Maiotian javelinmen	1 BG	6 bases of javelinmen: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Foot – Javelins, Light Spear
Maiotian archers	1 BG	8 bases of archers: Average, Unprotected, Undrilled Light Foot - Bow
Camp	1	Unfortified camp
Total	10 BGs	Camp, 20 mounted bases, 38 foot bases, 3 commanders

BUILDING A CUSTOMISED LIST USING OUR ARMY POINTS

Choose an army based on the maxima and minima in the list below. The following special instructions apply to this army:

- · Commanders should be depicted as lancers.
- The minima marked * apply only if any city militia are used.
- Roman allies can omit otherwise compulsory legionaries or auxiliaries, but not both.

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21.0				The state of the s	igricultural,	and the second state		li anti anti anti anti anti anti anti ant		で行きたきの	
C-in-C		Inspi	red Commande	80/50/35	1						
Sub-command	ers	Sweet States	SICK SIN	50	0-2	-2					
				Troop Commander							
T			Troop Ty	/pe	is a world	Car	pabilities	Points	Bases	Total	
Troop name		Туре	Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting	Close Combat	per base	per BG	bases	
Ship and the	i la tarina		away sailing	Core	Troops	and the second second	allow tells				
	Before 108	Contan	Armoured	Providenter	Undrilled		Lancers,	16			
Lancers	BC	Cavalry	Protected	Superior	Undrilled		Swordsmen	12	4-6	4-12	
Lancers	From 108	Cavalry	Armoured	Superior	Undrilled	THE REAL PROPERTY.	Lancers,	16	The state	0.74	
	BC	Cavairy	Protected	Superior	Undrilled	-	Swordsmen	12	4-6	8-24	
Horse archers	Before 108 BC	Light Horse or	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow	Swordsmen	10	4-6	12-30	
	From 108 BC	Cavalry	comprotected	Average	Conditined		Swordanien	10	10	0-24	
1		The second	Protected	Average			Date La Cal	7	E MARINE		
	Any date	Medium Foot	Armoured	Average	Drilled	-	Light Spear, Swordsmen	9	68	29	
			Protected	Poor	- Simon		Swordsmen	5		*6-17	
		n Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled		Impact Foot, Swordsmen	8			
City militia	Only from 84 BC		Armoured	Average				10	4-8		
	erbe		Protected	Poor				6			
			Protected	Average	1200	7月24日		7	48		
	Only from 42 AD	Medium or Heavy Foot	Armoured	Average	Drilled		Light Spear, Swordsmen	9			
	TETHO	inder y rook	Protected	Poor			Swordamen	5		T- Lot	
		Light Foot	Thursday	Average	Undrilled	Bow	AND PROPERTY AND	5		18	
		Light Pool	Unprotected	Poor	Ondrided	DOW		3	6-8		
Sindi,	Any date	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	Bow	-	6	6-8		
Maiotian or other foot		Medium Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Bow	Res Attacks	5	6-8	*6-2	
archers		Medium Poor	onprotected	Poor	ondrined	DOW		3	6-0		
	Only before	Madhum Fout	Thereated	Average	Undrilled	Bow	Light Spear	S	1/2 6-8	-	
	300 BC	Medium Foot	Unprotected	inclage	Shurmed	DOW	Size Filen	5	1/2 0-8	See.	
	Res Stre	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	-	Light Sparr	5	- Matters I		
Sindi, Maiotiar	or other	meanuti mot	FUNCTION	Poor	conditied		Light Spear	3	68	*6-2	
javelinmen		Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	4	0-0	10-2	
		Light root	and unserred	Poor	onch med	Javenuis	mänt shert	2			

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	C. State State State	States of the states	and the second second	The second second	and the second sec	- Handler		4	Concernance of the second		
Slingers		Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Sling	-	4	6-8 6-8 6-8 2 2	0-12	
offingera				Poor	- and the second	A Contract		2	Consecutives		
Greek mercenaries	Only before 11 AD	Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Drilled	-	Offensive Spearmen	8	68	0-12	
	11 AD	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled		Light Spear	5	- Aller		
Thracian		Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	-	Light Spear, Swordsmen	n			
nercenaries	Only before 250 BC	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	-	Offensive Spearmen	7		0-12	
	Only before 11 AD	Medium Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	-	Heavy weapon	7			
Celtic mercenaries	Only from 108 BC to 10 AD	Heavy Foot	Protected	Average	Undrilled	-	Impact Foot, Swordsmen	7			
	Only from	Heavy Artillery	-	Average	Drilled	Heavy Artillery		20	2	0-2	
Bolt-shooters	42 AD	Light Artillery	-	Average	Drilled	Light Artillery		17	2		
Ditch and bank	Only from 108 BC	Field Fortifications					C.a.	3		024	
Fortified camp	E Starte		Philipping	1000	North Later	1		24		0-1	
Sector And Contractor Sector	Real Party and	Test and Bindles	Contraction of the second	C. C	Ilies	CONTRACTOR OF	Carles and and		General Cont		

Skythian allies (Only before 11 AD) – Early Skythian or Saka allies – see Field of Glory Companion 3: Immortal Fire: Greek, Persian and Macedonian Wars – or Later Skythian or Saka allies

Roman allies (Only from 42 AD) - Principate Roman or Dominate Roman - see Field of Glory Companion 5: Legions Triumphant: Imperial Rome At War. INTRODUCTIC MID-REPUBLI ROMAN LATE REPUBLI ROMAN GALLIC PYRRINC LATER CARTH LINRIAN ANCIENT SPA LATER MACES ATTALED PERI NUMEDIAN C MOORISH LATER SELUCI LATER SELUCI LATER PIOLIS PONTEC SPARTACOS S

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BOSPORAN

APPENDIX 1 THE LIST APPENDIX 2

APPENDIX 1 – USING THE LISTS

To give balanced games, armies can be selected using the points system. The more effective the troops, the more each base costs in points. The maximum points for an army will usually be set at between 600 and 800 points for a singles game for 2 to 4 hours play. We recommend 800 points for 15mm singles tournament games (650 points for 25mm) and 1000 points for 15mm doubles games.

The army lists specify which troops can be used in a particular army. No other troops can be used. The number of bases of each type in the army must conform to the specified minima and maxima. Troops that have restrictions on when they can be used cannot be used with troops with a conflicting restriction. For example, troops that can only be used "before 235 BC" cannot be used with troops that can only be used "from 235 BC". All special instructions applying to an army list must be adhered to. They also apply to allied contingents supplied by the army.

All armies must have a C-in-C and at least one other commander. No army can have more

Thracian King Kotys and his bodyguards at the battle of Kallinikos, 171 BC, by Angus McBride. Taken from Men-at-Arms 360: The Thracians 700 BC – AD 46.



APPENDIX 1 - USING THE LISTS

than 4 commanders in total, including C-in-C, sub-commanders and allied commanders.

All armies must have a supply camp. This is free unless fortified. A fortified camp can only be used if specified in the army list. Field fortifications and portable defences can only be used if specified in the army list.

Allied contingents can only be used if specified in the army list. Most allied contingents have their own allied contingent list, to which they must conform unless the main army's list specifies otherwise.

BATTLE GROUPS

All troops are organized into battle groups. Commanders, supply camps and field fortifications are not troops and are not assigned to battle groups. Portable defences are not troops, but are assigned to specific battle groups.

Battle groups must obey the following restrictions:

- The number of bases in a battle group must correspond to the range specified in the army list.
- Each battle group must initially comprise an even number of bases. The only exception to this rule is that battle groups whose army list specifies them as ²/₃ of one type and ¹/₃ of another, can comprise 9 bases if this is within the battle group size range specified by the list.

- A battle group can only include troops from one line in a list, unless the list specifies a mixed formation by specifying fractions of the battle group to be of types from two lines. e.g. ²/₃ spearmen, ¹/₃ archers.
- All troops in a battle group must be of the same quality and training. When a choice of quality or training is given in a list, this allows battle groups to differ from each other. It does not permit variety within a battle group.
- Unless specifically stated otherwise in an army list, all troops in a battle group must be of the same armour class. When a choice of armour class is given in a list, this allows battle groups to differ from each other. It does not permit variety within a battle group.

EXAMPLE LIST

Here is a section of an actual army list, which will help us to explain the basics and some special features. The list specifies the following items for each historical type included in the army:

- Troop Type comprising Type, Armour, Quality and Training.
- Capabilities comprising Shooting and Close Combat capabilities.
- · Points cost per base.
- Minimum and maximum number of bases in each battle group.
- Minimum and maximum number of bases in the army.

EATER CARTHAGINIA LATER CARTHAGINIA LITYRIAN ANCIENT SPANISH LATER MACEDONIAN ATTALID PERGAMEN MOORISH LATER SELEUCID LATER PTOLEMAIC PONTIC SPARTACUS SLAVE REVOLT EARLY ARMENIAN PARTHIAN LATER JEWISH BOSPORAN APPENDIX 1 – US THE LISTS

Troop name			Troop	Type		Cap	abilities	Points	Bases	Te	ital
ricop name		Туре	Armour	Quality	Training	Shooting	Close Combat	per base	per BG	bases	
Xystophoroi	Only before 274 BC	Cavalry	Armoured	Superior	Drilled	-	Lancers, Swordsmen	18	4-6	4	-6
Sale Participal	Before 274	Cavalry	Armoured	Superior	Drilled	The The	Light Spear,	17		- Kerry	
Javelin- armed heavy	BC	Cavatry		Average			Swordsmen	14	4-6	4-6	
cavalry	From 274 Cav	Cavalry	Armoured	Superior	Drilled	lled -	Light Spear, Swordsmen	17	4-6	6-12	
	BC	Сауалуу	Armoured	Average	Lorineu			14			
Usekas		Heavy Foot		Average	Drilled	-	Offensive Spearmen	в			
Hoplites		Heavy Foot	y Foot Protected	Average	Undrilled	-	Offensive Spearmen	7	6-8	0-	-18
		Theavy room		Poor	Onci med			5			
Archers		Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Drilled	Bow		5	6-8	0-12	
Slingers		Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Drilled	Sling	-	4	6-8	0-12	6-1
Javelinmen		Light Foot	Unprotected	Average	Undrilled	Javelins	Light Spear	4	6-8	0-12	

Special features:

- Xystophoroi can only be used before 274 BC. Javelin-armed heavy cavalry can be used before or after 274 BC but the minimum and maximum numbers permitted change. Thus before 274, the army can and must include from 4 to 6 bases of xystophoroi and from 4 to 6 bases of javelin-armed heavy cavalry. From 274 BC the army cannot include any bases of xystophoroi but can and must include from 6 to 12 bases of javelin-armed heavy cavalry.
- Javelin-armed heavy cavalry can either be Superior or Average. The list specifies the different points costs. All the bases in a battle group must be of the same quality.

- Hoplites can be Average Drilled, Average Undrilled or Poor Undrilled. All the bases in a battle group must be of the same quality and training. The total number of hoplite bases in the army cannot exceed 18.
- The army is allowed from 0 to 12 bases each of archers, slingers and javelinmen. However, the total number of archers, slingers and javelinmen bases must be at least 6 and cannot exceed 18. Each battle group must have from 6 to 8 bases of one type – a battle group cannot include a mixture of archers and slingers or javelinmen.

APPENDIX 2 - THEMED TOURNAMENTS

A tournament based on the "Rise of Rome" theme can include any of the armies listed in this book.

It can also include the following armies from our other army list books. These can only use options permitted between 280 BC and 25 BC:

- Thracian
- Syracusan
- Galatian
- Hellenistic Greek
- Ancient British
- Early German

IN PEACE PREPARE FOR WAR



Do battle with the Roman Republic and its enemies with Rise of Rome, the Field of Glory gaming companion. From the war against Pyrrhos of Epirus until the victory of Augustus, the Roman legions fought for their republic, their commanders and themselves. Enhance your gameplay with this addition to the original rulebook, complete with the organization of hundreds of accurately researched troop types, detailed historical overviews and supporting maps and artwork.



Rise of Rome is a companion to Field of Glory, the historical miniatures tabletop wargaming rules system for ancient and medieval wargaming. To play the rules you will need a copy of Field of Glory.

Visit www.fieldofglory.com for the latest releases including companion army lists, hints and tips, discussion forums and more.

FIELD OF GLORY COMPANION 1



